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THE TODDS ✓
THE WHEELERS

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Thomas Todd



PRINTED BY THOMAS TODD
BOSTON, 1909

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You may be looking for a *raison d'être*. There is none. It simply is an intrusion upon the public patience, and also it is a strong mark of egotism on the part of the compiler. The compiler was so elated when he found his grandfather had died in his bed, and not been hanged, as he richly deserved, that he thought he would let others of his relatives have the same joyous feeling. So please rejoice. To be serious, the compiler was engaged some time ago in looking up data that would permit his joining the Sons of the American Revolution, and the entering wedge was then placed along the genealogical line, and as hammer after hammer was struck upon the wedge the author found himself plunged deeper and deeper into the vortex of chronology, until this unfortunate book is the result. (Mixed metaphor intended.) Most of the friends of mine who will receive it will murmur under their breath, "Poor fool!" and either throw the book in the waste basket or stick it in some obscure corner of their bookcase, there to remain until a merciful fire or a still more merciful removal will finally dispose of the ill-starred volume. At any rate, whatever may become of the few copies that are printed, one thing is certain and it cannot be taken away from the compiler—he has had a good time in preparing it. The expense is nothing to the enjoyment one has in reading in the collated material that one of his ancestors died two years before she was married; and other slips of the town clerks of the various townships have afforded a great deal of information and amusement. So, little book, GO IT!

The subscriber wishes to express his obligation to the late Rev. Will C. Wood and to Mr. Charles Nutt, of Worcester, Mass., for their invaluable assistance.

Thomas Todd



JOHN STANIFORD'S COAT OF ARMS

STANIFORD

(I) JOHN STANIFORD OF STANFORD, the immigrant ancestor, was born in England. He used as his seal the coat-of-arms of the English family of Stanford: Azure, a chevron between three birds argent. (See copy of his seal in Antiquarian Papers, Ipswich, May, 1882.) He was called Mr. in the early records of Ipswich, where he settled, indicating by the custom in using this title that he came from a family of high social standing. He was a man of intellectual qualities and much occupied with duties which require legal knowledge. Several early wills are in his handwriting, and three have his seal as given above—those of Obadiah Wood in 1694, William Caldwell in 1694, and Madame Rebekah Symonds in 1695. He was deacon of the church. He died in Ipswich in 1730, and his old gravestone, still standing there, is inscribed: "Here lyes Buried Ye Body of Deacon John Staniford aged 82 years Decd May ye 27, 1730." The death of his wife is thus recorded: "Margaret, Relict wido of Dea'n John Staniford, Died May 1st, 1750, Et. 93." She was the daughter of Thomas and Martha (Lake) Harris, and was born August 6, 1657. She was named for her grandmother, Margaret Lake, who died in Ipswich in 1672, wife of John Lake and daughter of Edmund Read, sister of Elizabeth Read, who married Governor John Winthrop, Jr., founder of Ipswich, and sister also of Martha Read, who married, first, Daniel Epps and, second, Deputy Governor Symonds. The children of John and Margaret Lake were: John, Hannah, and Martha Lake, of whom Hannah married Captain John Gallup, who was killed at Narragansett, December 19, 1675; Martha married Thomas Harris and lived in Ipswich. The will of Margaret Lake is very quaint; she bequeathed to her

granddaughter, Margaret Staniford, a carved box, a damask tablecloth, and six damask napkins. The Staniford and Harris families were also remembered in the will of Madame Rebekah Symonds, the last wife of Deputy Governor Symonds; she calls them "cousins," perhaps because a former wife of Mr. Symonds was their aunt, the word cousin being used to denote uncles, aunts, nephews, and nieces, as well as the relatives now known as cousins. "I give unto my Cousine John Staniford one of my Gould rings and Three pounds in mony." Children of John and Margaret Staniford: 1. Thomas, born 1680, died 1740; married Hannah Rindge; mentioned below. 2. Deacon John, born October 21, 1678, died March 4, 1752. 3. William, born April 6, 1684; lived at Hampton, N. H., left son Benjamin. 4. Ebenezer, born 1686, died young. 5. Samuel, born August 27, 1688; married, August 13, 1715, Mary Chadwell. 6. Elizabeth, married, September 26, 1713, William Martin. 7. Jeremiah, born September 6, 1693. 8. Margaret, born November 29, 1695; married, November 3, 1723, Robert Calef; was mother of Dr. Joseph Calef, the Loyalist. 9. Tryphena, born March 21, 1698; married, 1720, Philip Lord.

(II) THOMAS STANIFORD, son of Deacon John Staniford (I), was born November 21, 1680. He was ensign of his military company in 1727. He married (intentions dated December 27, 1707) Hannah Rindge, daughter of Captain Daniel and Hannah (Perkins) Rindge, granddaughter of Daniel and Mary (Kinsman) Rindge. Her father's town house was on Turkey Shore, and his farm was at Ipswich Hamlet (now Hamilton), Mass., adjoining what is now called Dane's Farm. He died August 23, 1740, in the sixtieth year of his age, and his gravestone is in the Ipswich burial ground. Children born at Ipswich: 1. John, born April, 1709; died June 29, 1727, aged, according to his gravestone, eighteen years and two months. 2. Thomas, born 1710; married, November 11, 1732, Sara Burnham. 3. Daniel, baptized March 17, 1717; graduated at Harvard College in 1738; married Mary Burnham; was master of grammar school, 1740-46; widow married, second, Rev. Nathaniel Rogers, then having seven beautiful daughters of her first marriage. 4. Jeremiah.

(III) JEREMIAH STANIFORD, son of Thomas Staniford (II), was born in Ipswich, September, 1722, and married there, November 17, 1750, Mary Potter. His father gave to his brother, Thomas

Staniford, in his will, the house and land formerly the property of Richard Goss, and it is now in the Lewis Choate estate, but the house is gone. The brother Thomas, born in 1710, was a captain in the French wars, receiving his commission in 1744. Jeremiah appears as a private in Captain Nathaniel Wade's company, Colonel John Baker's (third Essex company) regiment, in April, 1775. Children of Jeremiah and Mary (Potter) Staniford: 1. Aaron, born March 10, 1754; mentioned below. 2. Mary, baptized July 26, 1755. 3. Daniel, baptized October 30, 1757; died young. 4. Daniel, baptized April 1, 1759; died young. 5. John, baptized September 9, 1764. 6. Daniel, baptized July 27, 1766. 7. Sarah, baptized July 10, 1772. He married, second, at Ipswich, Mrs. Mary Packard, of Rowley (intention dated November 1, 1777).

(IV) AARON STANIFORD, son of Jeremiah Staniford (III), was born March 10, 1754; married at Ipswich, 1785, Lucy Lord, who was born October 4, 1765. (See Lord family.) Children: 1. Aaron, born March 18, 1787; died July 22, 1821. 2. Lucy, born January 4, 1788. 3. Mary, born July 22, 1794. 4. Sarah, born October 15, 1797; wrought a sampler that has been preserved, giving the dates herein recorded of her parents and their children. 5. Aaron, born July 22, 1801.

Sarah Staniford, daughter of Aaron Staniford (IV), born October 15, 1797; married, July 31, 1826, General Thomas Todd. (See Todd sketch.)

TODD



TODD COAT OF
ARMS

(I) JOHN TODD, the immigrant ancestor, was settled for a time at Charlestown, Mass., but removed to Rowley, Mass., about 1648. He was in Charlestown as early as 1637. He brought with him to Rowley his wife, Susannah, whose maiden name is thought to be Hunt, as she was called sister in the will of Mary, wife of John Grant, as was also Ann Wood, wife of Thomas Wood; both born about 1637. Todd had land on Bachelor's Plain, adjoining Joseph Jewett's land. He shared in various divisions of the common lands. In 1651 he was a juryman; 1654, marshal, and was paid for service "when ye indians molested vs at Spring was . . ." five shillings. He was selectman in 1667; was deputy to the General Court in 1664 and 1686; and held many other positions on committees of the town, etc. John Todd kept the Ordinary (tavern), and was a leading citizen. He died February 14, 1689/90; his will, dated February 13, 1689/90, proved March 25, 1690, mentions: wife, unnamed; sons, John, Timothy, Samuel, and James; daughters, Mehitable, Ruth, and Mary, who had had their portion; also Brother Hunt (Essex probate 3: 227). His widow, Susannah, died November 18, 1710. Children: 1. Mehitable, born January 10, 1649/50. 2. John, born February, 1655/6; buried same month. 3. Ruth, born April 11, 1657; married, in Ipswich, May 1, 1678. Samuel Hunt, of Ipswich. 4. Mary, born June 10, 1659. 5. John, born 1661: mentioned below. 6. Susannah, born September 5, 1664; buried November 15, following. 7. Thomas, born December 3, 1665; not mentioned in father's will. 8. Timothy, born May 2, 1668; was in the Canadian Expedition of 1690; died unmarried. 9. Samuel, born July 9, 1670; married Priscilla Bradstreet, widow. 10. James, born February 8, 1671/2; married Mary Hopkinson.

(II) JOHN TODD, son of John Todd (I), was born in 1661, at Rowley, Mass. He married, March 14, 1684/5, Elizabeth Brocklebank, daughter of Captain Samuel Brocklebank, of Rowley, who died April 5, 1725, in her sixty-fourth year, according to her grave-

stone. (See Brocklebank family.) He married, second, July 12, 1725, Jemima Bennett, widow of William Bennett, and daughter of Captain Philip Nelson, of Rowley. Todd died February 21, 1740/1. His widow, Jemima, married, December 21, 1742, Ebenezer Parsons, of Gloucester, and died in that town April 25, 1752, in her sixty-sixth year, as per town record of Gloucester. Children born in Rowley of John and Elizabeth Todd: 1. Hannah, born January 12, 1685/6; married, March 16, 1708/9, John Dole. 2. John, born April 16, 1688; died September 18, 1770, by a fall downstairs, aged eighty-three; married Ruth Lunt; married, second, Abigail (Perley) Jewett, widow of Aaron Jewett, who died September 1, 1768. Children by wife Ruth: i. John, born February 27, 1716/17; married, January 11, 1741/2, Abigail, daughter of Samuel and Ruth (Lee) Parsons, of Gloucester; she was born in Gloucester, July 26, 1721. ii. Ruth, born February 8, 1719/20; married, October 28, 1736, Purchase Jewett. iii. Daniel, born January 12, 1721/2; died March 21, 1735/6. iv. Mary, born September 5, 1723; married, December 4, 1744, Stephen Palmer. v. Elizabeth, born July 11, 1725; died June 21, 1736. vi. Thomas, born December 6, 1728; married, March 22, 1753, Susannah Hibbert; she died August 9, 1753. He married, second, in Bradford, October 22, 1754, Elizabeth Carlton, of Bradford. vii. Ebenezer, twin, born August 27, 1731; died September 9, 1731. viii. Infant, twin, born August 27, 1731; died August 27, 1731. Child by wife Abigail: ix. Sarah, baptized January 11, 1735/6; died April 30, 1736. 3. Elizabeth, born September 15, 1690; married, May, 1711, Nathaniel Bonnell, of Boston. 4. Samuel, born May 9, 1693; mentioned below. 5. Mary, born September 21, 1696; married, April 4, 1715, Joshua Jewett. 6. Thomas, born April 29, 1699; died January 11, 1700/1. 7. Thomas, born August 18, 1701. 8. Dr. Joseph, born October 26, 1704; married Ann Toppa, of Newbury, November 2, 1727; married, second, Elizabeth Nelson, daughter of Ephraim; died in Bristol, Eng., 1744. Children of John and wife Jemima Todd: 9. Joshua, born 1726; baptized September 18, 1726. 10. Jane, baptized February 2, 1728/9; died April 7, 1734.

(III) SAMUEL TODD, son of John Todd (II), was born May 9, 1693, at Rowley; married, at Newbury, March 28, 1717, Lydia Coffin, the daughter of James Coffin, of Newbury, who died February 7, 1719/20, in her twenty-seventh year, as per gravestone at Rowley. He married, second, in Newbury, Mass., March 21,

1722/3, Elizabeth Toppan, of Newbury. (See Toppan family.) His home was in Newbury, and he died there. His will, dated March 3, 1740/1, proved May 25, 1741, mentions son Nathaniel Todd, "whom I had by my first wife, to have all that land in the town of Wells in the county of York, called Cogshall which land I lately purchased of my brother Richard Toppen"; wife Elizabeth to be executrix and have all the estate in Rowley and Newbury, etc.; children, Samuel, Moses, Thomas, Elizabeth, and Sarah. (Essex probate 25: 4 and 5.) He had a large estate for his day, valued in the inventory at 2,621 pounds. His widow married, in Newbury, October 21, 1741, Samuel Bailey, of that town. Children by wife Lydia, all born in Newbury: 1. Nathaniel, born April 15, 1718. 2. Brocklebank, born September 24, 1719. Children of Samuel and Elizabeth: 3. Samuel, born January 19, 1723; mentioned below. 4. Moses, born March 14, 1726; married, in Newbury, September 20, 1744, Elizabeth Sweasey, of Newbury; he died in Seabrook, September 5, 1796. 5. Thomas, born October 31, 1727. 6. Elizabeth, born February 16, 1727. 7. Sarah.

(IV) SAMUEL TODD, son of Samuel Todd (III), was born January 19, 1723, at Newbury; married there, November 27, 1747, Elizabeth Perkins, of Newbury. He removed to Phippsburg, Me., now Georgetown, before 1758. He married, second, about 1767, Anne —. Children of Samuel and Elizabeth Todd, born at Georgetown, Me.: 1. George, born June 8, 1758; mentioned below. 2. Enoch, born February 13, 1760. 3. Mary, born December 8, 1762. Children of Samuel and Anne Todd: 4. Hannah, born February 20, 1768. 5. John, born February 6, 1771. 6. Alexander, born December 23, 1774.

(V) CAPTAIN GEORGE TODD, son of Samuel Todd (IV), was born in Georgetown (Phippsburg), Me., June 8, 1758. He followed the sea and became a captain. During the hostilities with the French, at the close of the century, a vessel that he commanded and partly owned was captured by the French and taken to Brest, France, as a prize and confiscated. Todd's Point, which extends from Great Pond, was named for him. His descendants are living at present, or were lately, in the house that he built at Georgetown. The circumstances of his death are unknown. He married Abigail Springer, of Bath, Me. (See Springer family.) Children of George and Abigail (Springer) Todd: 1. Nathaniel S., born in 1784. He was engaged in shipbuilding at Phippsburg, and for

many years kept a general store there. He was captain of a military company in the service in the War of 1812. He was a leading citizen, successful in business and prominent in public life. He was afterward lighthouse keeper on Sequin Island. His son, Warren S., had eleven children at Georgetown, born in the old home: i. Samuel, born March 28, 1831, died April 20, 1831; ii. Miranda J., born September, 1837, died October 19, 1837; iii. Winifred S., born March 14, 1839, died January 20, 1843; iv. Henry M., born —, died November, 1896; v. Elwell P., resided at Georgetown; vi. Nathaniel S., born December 28, 1832; now living at Georgetown, Me.; vii. Ardelia, married Stephen P. Trafton; viii. Mary J., married Palmer Springer, of Brunswick, Me.; ix. Harriet A., married E. Deering; x. Warren Clement, born January 3, 1847; selectman, proprietor of the general store, postmaster, and leading citizen of Georgetown; married Maggie A. Oliver; has five children; xi. Augusta A., married H. M. Brooks, of Everett, Mass. 2. William, born August 5, 1790. 3. John, born January 8, 1792. 4. Sarah, born October 11, 1795. 5. Thomas, born November 6, 1797; mentioned below. 6. Abigail, born March 1, 1799. 7. Alexander, born March 11, 1801. 8. James Riggs, born February 2, 1804.

(VI) GENERAL THOMAS TODD, son of George Todd (V), was born in Georgetown, Me., November 6, 1797. He had a common school education and learned the printer's trade in Portland, and afterwards became proprietor of the *Eastern Argus*, and was State Printer for a number of years. He was a soldier in the War of 1812, enlisting in Portland. He entered the militia at an early age, and rose through the various grades by successive promotions from a private to the rank of brigadier general. He was commissioned lieutenant April 24, 1819; captain, April 6, 1821, and discharged April 27, 1824. He received a captain's commission in the Portland Light Infantry, December 4, 1824, and was discharged May 3, 1825; was commissioned colonel of his regiment, February 5, 1829, and May 20, 1829, became a brigadier general, serving with conspicuous ability and credit until he resigned and was honorably discharged, May 7, 1833. He was postmaster of Portland for four years, under President Andrew Jackson, and a leader of the Democratic party in Cumberland County. He was treasurer of Cumberland County for several years. Thomas Todd married, in Portland, Me., Susan Webster, April 18, 1821, who died May 9, 1826. They had one child, Francis

Douglass Todd, born March 2, 1822, and died in Ohio, October 20, 1891; settled in California, and during the Civil War became captain of a company in the Second California Cavalry Regiment. He married Mary Eveline Cox in Boston, May 4, 1843. One child was born to them, Charles William Todd, born April 30, 1844. He died May 15, 1899. He had one son, Charles Edmund Todd, born February 28, 1873.

The widow of Francis Douglass Todd died in Lynn, Mass., December 24, 1903, aged eighty-one years. Her funeral occurred December 26, 1903. The writer (Thomas Todd VII) attended the funeral on that day. He then saw for the first time his grand-nephew, Charles Edmund Todd, and learned of the death of his nephew, Charles William Todd, who died four years before. Thomas Todd (VI) married, second, Sarah Greenleaf, born Staniford, daughter of Aaron and Lucy (Lord) Staniford, July 31, 1826. (See sketch of the Staniford family herewith.) Children: 1. Susan, died in infancy. 2. Margaret Wyer, died in infancy. 3. Neils Brock Gram, born May 11, 1831, enlisted in army during Civil War, time of death unknown; supposed to be named for the first homeopathic doctor in America; married Sarah Beeton, daughter of John and Sarah Beeton; children: i. Charles Henry, married Katharine Murphy; ii. Staniford, died, aged twenty years; iii. George, died, aged twenty; iv. Harris, has one son, Harris Hemenway Todd. 4. Henry Hill Boody, born January 31, 1834; married Lydia Clifford, descendant of Lord Clifford, of Boothbay, Me., enlisted in army during Civil War, time of death unknown. 5. Thomas, born September 7, 1835; mentioned below. 6. Sarah (Emma) Staniford, born August 27, 1837; married, first, Albert M. Cutler, January 6, 1854. Her sons: Thomas T. Cutler, born June 17, 1855; Frederick A. Cutler, born July 24, 1860; she married, second, Henry H. Safford, July 21, 1867; her sons: Percy H. Safford and Roby H. Safford (twins), born June 9, 1869; Warren T. Safford, born September 23, 1878.

(VII) THOMAS TODD, son of General Thomas Todd (VI), was born September 7, 1835, at Portland, Me. He married Rebecca Wheeler, of Concord, Mass., daughter of Henry Adams and Dolly Kendall Wheeler, May 6, 1858. (See sketch of Wheeler family herewith.) He went to work as a compositor on *The Congregationalist*, in Boston, Mass., in May, 1849, when in his fourteenth year. He was proprietor of a printing office in 1864, and has been prospered in his business. He has filled various

public and private positions, partly as follows: Life member of the Bostonian Society, of the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanics Association, of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, of which he was a corporate member; also life member (and director for many years) of the American Congregational Association, of the Congregational Home Missionary Society, of the Congregational Sunday School and Publishing Society, of the Congregational Education Society (of which he was a Director for several years); in Masonry, he took his degrees in Bethesda Lodge, Brighton, Mass., has held several offices in Corinthian Lodge and Walden Royal Arch Chapter, of Concord, Mass., and is a member of Lafayette Lodge of Perfection, Boston, Mass.; in printing, President of the Master Printers' Club, Boston, Mass., and member of the Executive Committee of the United Typothetæ of America; in the church, nearly forty years a deacon, church treasurer for many years, for several terms a delegate to the National Congregational Council, of which he was a member of the Publishing Committee for several years, and an honorary member of the International Congregational Council; in civic affairs, member of the Board of Health in Concord, Mass., for many years, and of the Board of Overseers of the Poor, Treasurer of the Concord Antiquarian Society, and Chairman of the Board of Management of Concord's Home for the Aged. Children: 1. Agnes Staniford, born June 16, 1859; educated in the public and high schools; died October 20, 1881. 2. Gertrude, born December 22, 1867; educated in the public and high schools. 3. Thomas, Jr., born May 25, 1878; mentioned below.

(VIII) THOMAS TODD, JR., son of Thomas Todd (VII), was born in Concord, Mass., May 25, 1878. He attended the public and high schools of Concord, and was a student for two years in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. He is now with his father at the Beacon Press, a book and job printing house, Boston. He enlisted in the Spanish War, May 6, 1898, in Company I, Sixth Massachusetts Infantry, as a private; was transferred to brigade headquarters as orderly of Captain Berry under General Garretson. He went to Porto Rico with his regiment, and before he was mustered out suffered an attack of appendicitis, for which he afterward underwent an operation successfully. He resides with his father in Concord, Mass.

BROCKLEBANK

(I) The WIDOW JANE BROCKLEBANK was the immigrant ancestor. She came from Yorkshire, England, with Mr. Rogers and had a two-acre house lot on Wethersfield Street in Rowley in 1643, denoting her to be of good estate. She was buried December 26, 1668. Children, born in England: 1. Samuel, born about 1628; mentioned below. 2. John, born about 1630; married Sarah Woodman.

(II) CAPTAIN SAMUEL BROCKLEBANK, son of Jane Brocklebank (I), was born in Yorkshire, England, about 1628, and was slain with Wadsworth at Sudbury, Mass., April 21, 1676, by the Indians. He was selectman soon after he came of age, and continued to fill important offices until his death. He was ordained deacon of the church, February 18, 1665. He married, May 18, 1652, Hannah —, who married, second, in Newbury, March 4, 1678/9, Richard Dole, Sr., of Newbury. His estate was divided by order of the court, September 26, 1676. Children: 1. Samuel, born November 28, 1653; married, November 22, 1681, Elizabeth Plats. 2. Francis, born September 26, 1655; buried July 22, 1660. 3. John, buried July 4, 1660. 4. Hannah, born March 28, 1659; married, June 9, 1680, John Stickney. 5. Elizabeth, born 1661; married, March 14, 1685/6, John Todd (II). (See Todd family herewith.) 6. Mary, married in Newbury, October 13, 1684, William Dole. 7. Sarah, born October 29, 1666; buried March 1, 1667. 8. Sarah, born July 7, 1668; married, November 3, 1686, Henry Dole; married, second, March 29, 1693, Nathaniel Coffin; died April 20, 1750. 9. Jane, born January 31, 1670/1; married, January 26, 1692/3, Abiel Somerby. 10. Joseph, born November 28, 1674; married, February 18, 1701/2, Elizabeth Barker.

SPRINGER

The Springer family has been traced back for several centuries in Germany, and that branch which located in Delaware at an early period traces its ancestry to the German family. But the Springer family is also to be found from ancient times in England, and whether the English family had the same origin or not has not been ascertained.

(I) JONATHAN SPRINGER, the immigrant ancestor of the Springers of Maine, and perhaps of all now in New England, came in all likelihood from England, of the English family, for no Germans located at Gloucester, Mass., as early as the date of his emigration. He was a mariner, and apparently well-to-do. He owned an island in Gloucester harbor, thought to be Kettle Island by the historian of Gloucester, containing twenty acres; it was sold, with houses, etc., by his executors to John Gilbert, a Boston merchant, who sold it soon afterward, March 21, 1716, to Walter Newbury. Springer lived, doubtless, on this island, but he had large interests in York County, now Maine, at what is now Kennebunkport and vicinity. He was a blacksmith by trade, according to various deeds on record. He married Elizabeth Sanders, daughter of John and Mary Sanders, of Gloucester and Cape Porpoise (Kennebunkport). He bought of the other heirs of John Sanders, his father-in-law, their shares in the land at Cape Porpoise. He bought of Nathaniel, March 9, 1713/4, and of Samuel and Mary (Sanders) Pease, March 10, 1713/4. He died soon afterward, before 1716. Children: 1. Mary, married, March 17, 1728, William Carlisle; son William was baptized at Gloucester in 1743. 2. Abigail, married, January 24, 1721, Timothy Somes, born March 4, 1699, at Gloucester, second son of Timothy Somes, born 1673, and grandson of Timothy and Jane (Stanwood) Somes, great-grandson of Morris Somes, who came from England to Gloucester. 3. Jeremiah, mentioned below. 4. Elizabeth, joined with her sister, Abigail Somes, both of Gloucester, in a quitclaim deed to Jacob Clarke, of Topsfield, of one hundred and fifty acres of land granted to John Sanders (II), their grand-

father, at Cape Porpoise, now Arundel (Kennebunkport), June 23, 1681, by deed dated July 25, 1731; Elizabeth made her mark in signing. (York deeds XVI.)

(II) JEREMIAH SPRINGER, son of Jonathan Springer (I), the only son known to the writer, settled in Cape Porpoise. He married a daughter or stepdaughter of Thomas Huff, one of the leading men of that section, the son of Ferdinando Huff. Thomas Huff deeded him fifty acres of land at Arundel, December 25, 1732, for "love and affection for his son-in-law (used also for stepson at that time) Jeremiah Springer of Arundel." Springer's wife's name was Joanna. He and his wife Joanna deeded to Jacob Wilder and Joseph Averill fifty acres of land granted to be laid out January 17, 1728/9, by deed dated March 1, 1732/3, and also the land given them by Huff, for one hundred pounds. The Kennebunkport history confuses Jeremiah with his father. He was a proprietor of Kennebunkport in 1726. He and his three sons returned when the town was resettled. Children: 1. Jeremiah, married Sarah March; children: i. Moses, married Susan Hutchins; ii. Lydia, married Joseph Gorham; iii. Joanna, died young; iv. Mary, married — Brown. 2. David, born 1720; moved to Bowdoinham in 1750, to Litchfield in 1785; died December 25, 1800, aged eighty-one years; married Judith Tibbetts, August 13, 1752 (O. S.). Children: i. Elizabeth, married, April 4, 1777, Barnabas Baker; ii. Abigail, born 1754; married, 1785, Timothy Hall; iii. Andrew, born August 15, 1660; married David Baker; iv. Rebecca, married, March 21, 1792, William Gatchell; v. James, born November 7, 1772; married, April 11, 1798, Elizabeth Harvey; vi. David, born 1773; married Lydia Diamond; vii. Judith, married, October 12, 1801, Samuel Judkins; viii. Sarah, married Benjamin Weymouth. 3. Thomas, mentioned below.

(III) THOMAS SPRINGER, son of Jeremiah Springer (II), was born about 1725 and settled, when a boy, with the family in Kennebunkport, removing in 1750 to Bowdoinham. He settled in what is now Bath, Me. He married Abigail Tibbetts, sister of his brother's wife, March 4, 1758. Their daughter Abigail, born about 1760, married George Todd (V) and settled at Georgetown, Me., not far from her birthplace. (See Todd family.)

TOPPAN

The surname of this family, originally written Topham or De Topham, was assumed from a place of that name in Yorkshire upon the introduction of surnames in England. The practice of taking names from towns and villages in England is sufficient proof of the ancient descents of those families who are still inhabitants of the same place. The earliest mention of the family in the registry of the Archbishop of York is found in the will of John Topham, of Pateley Bridge, in the West Riding of Yorkshire, dated May 1, 1403, and divides the property between his wife Elizabeth and his sons and daughters, but does not give their names. The Topham family anciently possessed the greater part of the vale of Cloverdale in Yorkshire, and Richard Topham (from whom there has been a continual male succession) held the lordship and property of Caldburgh in Cloverdale as early as 1420. In England the name is spelled Topham and Tophan; in America the two spellings of Tappan and Toppan are still in use. Four generations of the ancestry of the American line have been traced in England. The coat of arms, still in use, and used by the early generations in America, is: Argent, chevron gules between three crane's heads er. sable. Crest: Two serpents entwined about a maltese cross patee fitch. Motto: *Cruce non prudentia.*

(I) ROBERT TOPPAN OF TOPHAM resided at Linton, near Pateley Bridge, Yorkshire, England. He made his will January, 1550, and it was proved in the following month in the Archbishop's court at Canterbury. In this will he mentions his sons Edward, John, William, Thomas, and Robert; his daughter Agnes; bequeaths to Ellen Topham and appoints his son Robert executor.

(II) THOMAS TOPPAN, son of Robert Toppan (I), was of Arncliffe in Craven. He died in 1589. His will was dated April 24, 1588. In it he expressed his desire to be buried in the church at Arncliffe; mentions his wife Isabel and sons Edward, Anthony, Lawrence (from whom Sir William Topham and the

Tophams of Holderness and Middleham Hall are descended), Henry and William; daughter Isabella, and leaves legacies to each of his grandchildren.

(III) EDWARD TOPHAM, eldest son of Thomas Toppan (II), was of Aiglethorpe, near Linton. His pedigree is recorded in the College of Arms, with the armorial bearings mentioned above. Children of Edward and Margery Toppan: 1. Henry, reader of Gray's Inn, London, of the parish of St. Martyne in the city of York; will dated April 29, 1612; married Elizabeth Darley, daughter of John, of Killinghunt. 2. Edward, councillor of Gray's Inn, married Ann Scroope, of Danby. 3. Matthew, an alderman of the city of York; died 1633. 4. William, of Calbridge, mentioned below. 5. Christopher, of York, died 1626. 6. Godfrey. 7. Thomas.

(IV) WILLIAM TOPPAN, son of Edward Toppan (III), resided some time at Calbridge, England. He used the spelling Toppan, while his brothers all used Topham. Children: 1. Abraham, baptized April 1, 1606; mentioned below. 2. Cecelia, baptized February 27, 1608. 3. Isaac, died January, 1612.

(V) ABRAHAM TOPPAN, son of William Toppan (IV), was baptized April 10, 1606, at Calbridge, in the parish of Coverham, Yorkshire, England. He lived for some time in Yarmouth, County Norfolk. His wife, Susannah Taylor, was born in 1607, and her mother, Elizabeth, inherited considerable property from a second husband, Mr. John Goodale, of Yarmouth, whose will is dated 1625. In 1637 Abraham Toppan, with his wife, two children, and a maid servant took passage on the ship *Mary Ann* for New England, his mother-in-law, Mrs. Goodale, being also a fellow-passenger. He was admitted an inhabitant of the town of Newbury, October 16, 1637, and at various times in the following year grants of land were made him, and he built his dwelling house near the meeting house, a few rods north of the Captain Richard Adams house, and between that house and another owned by the heirs of the late Joseph Toppan, a descendant. During his life he made sundry voyages to the Barbadoes, of which some were profitable. He imported, at a large profit, sugar, cotton, wool, and molasses, making a profit of six or eight pence a pound on sugar and twelve pence on wool. His will is dated June 30, 1670. In it he says he has done for his

son Peter more than he can do for the other children. He died November 5, 1672, aged sixty-six, in the house in Toppan's Lane which he had built in 1670 for his son Jacob. This house is still standing and is owned by and until recently was occupied by his descendants without interruption. His widow died March 20, 1689, aged eighty-two. Her mother, Mrs. Goodale, died at Newbury, April 8, 1647. Children: 1. Peter, born 1634; mentioned below. 2. Elizabeth, born in England; married Samuel Mighill, of Rowley. 3. Abraham, born at Newbury, 1644; married Ruth Pike, daughter of John; children all died young at Woodbridge, N. J. 4. Lieutenant Jacob, born 1645; married Hannah Sewall. 5. Susannah, born 1649. 6. John, born 1651; married, September 1, 1681, Martha Browne; married, second, 1717, Ruth Heard, widow. 7. Isaac, married Hannah Kent; married, second, March 27, 1691, Mary March; removed, with brother Abraham, to Woodbridge, N. J., and has many descendants in that state.

(VI) DR. PETER TOPPAN, son of Abraham Toppan (V), was born in England in 1634 and was brought by his parents to New England in 1637. He married, April 3, 1661, Jane Batt, daughter of Mr. Christopher and Anne (Toppan?) Batt. Savage says they were probably cousins. The records of death of Salisbury show "Mrs. Ann Batt, sister to Abraham Toppan of Newbury." In her will, dated March 14, 1679, she mentions Anne, wife of Edmund Angier, of Cambridge, and Jane, wife of Peter Toppan, "to have lands, etc., etc., in Salisbury and Amesbury."

Peter Toppan was a physician and practiced in Newbury. He was a member of one of the five companies into which the sheep owners of Newbury were divided, and of the sixteen in his company he was the third largest owner. He lived upon land afterwards occupied by his son Samuel, part of which in 1864 was owned by Joseph Toppan. He died November 3, 1707, from the effects of a fall. His eldest sons, Peter and Samuel, were administrators, appointed March 11, 1708. He had a Negro slave valued at thirty pounds. Children: 1. Peter, born 1662; died young. 2. Elizabeth, born October 13, 1665; married, 1685, Nathaniel Carr, of Newbury. 3. Peter, born December 22, 1667; mentioned below. 4. Samuel, born June 5, 1670; married Abigail, daughter of Rev. Michael Wigglesworth. 5. Christopher, born December 15, 1671. 6. Jane, born January 4, 1674.

(VII) PETER TOPPAN, son of Dr. Peter Toppan (VI), was

born in Newbury, December 22, 1667. He married, April 28, 1696, Sarah Greenleaf, widow, daughter of John, Jr., and Sarah (Woodman) Kent. She was born August 30, 1667. Her first husband died August 6, 1694. Children, born in Newbury: 1. Peter, born February 2, 1698. 2. Timothy, born February 2, 1698 (twin); married — Coffin. 3. Jane, born 1700; married Benjamin Knight, Jr. 4. Elizabeth, born 1702; married Samuel Todd (III), March 21, 1722/3. (See Todd family.) 5. Mary, born 1704. 6. Richard, born 1707; married — Scott. 7. Hannah, born 1710; married John Moody, Jr.

KENT

(I) JAMES KENT, the immigrant ancestor, was a brother of Richard Kent, Jr. He appears to have settled in Newbury at the same time as his brother Richard and their uncle, Richard Kent, Sr. Richard, Jr., came on the ship *Mary and John*, in 1634, with his brother James; Richard settled at Newbury in 1635; his wife Jane died June 26, 1674, and he married, second, January 6, 1675, Joanna Davison, widow of Nicholas, of Charlestown; he died, November 25, 1689, without issue, leaving his estate to John, his nephew, son of James.

(II) JOHN KENT, JR., son of James Kent (I), was born in Newbury in 1641, and was known as Jr. to distinguish him from a relative of the same name. He died, January 30, 1718, in his seventy-seventh year. He was admitted a freeman in 1669; married Sarah Woodman. Children, born at Newbury: 1. John, born April 8, 1665; died young. 2. Samuel, born August, 1666; died young. 3. Sarah, born August 30, 1667; mentioned below. 4. John, born November 23, 1668; died young. 5. John, born July, 1675; died aged about twenty-eight years. 6. James, born September 3, 1679. 7. Mary, died March 17, 1703.

(III) SARAH KENT, daughter of John Kent, Jr. (II), was born at Newbury, August 3, 1667; married, first, — Greenleaf; second, April 28, 1696, Peter Toppan (VII). (See Toppan family.)

SAUNDERS

Sanders or Saunders is an ancient English surname found in all parts of the United Kingdom at the present time and numerous also in the United States. Many of the Irish families are descended from Colonel Robert Saunders, who went to Ireland with Cromwell and was made governor of Kinsale, with a grant of 3,726 acres of land in Wexford. The coat of arms of Colonel Robert and his ancestors: Out of a mural crown proper an elephant's head argent, charged with a torteau.

In 1568 the Visitation of London gives the grandson of William Saunders of Welford, Northampton, having as his coat-of-arms: Per chevron sable and argent three elephant's heads erased countercharged tusked or. Crest: An elephant's head erased sable eared and tusked or. In most of the families entitled to bear arms there is a similarity of design, the elephant's heads being the chief device. Sanders of Essex has: Argent three fleurs-de-lis sable on a chief of the second as many fleurs-de-lis of the first. Sanders of Maidstone, Kent: Sable, a chevron between three elephant's heads erased argent a chief embattled argent. Saunders, of Uxbridge, County Middlesex: like the one just described. Saunders, Sheriff, Northamptonshire, in the time of Queen Elizabeth: Per pale sable and argent, three elephant's heads countercharged. Saunders, of Dinton, Buckinghamshire; of Buxworth, Cottesbrook, East Haddon, Harrington, Stresham, and Welford in County Northampton: Per chevron argent and sable three elephant's heads erased countercharged. Crest: An elephant's head erased sable, erased and armed argent. The Saunders family in Saundersted, Sanders place and Charlwood, County Surrey, is a very ancient family in that county, and is the parent stock of the Sanders family in Luffington, Caldwekk, and Litter Ireton, County Derby, and of Teaby, County Pembroke.

Watkin de Sandersted gave the advowson of Sandersted to Hyde Abbey by Winchester in the time of Edward the Confessor, for the souls of his ancestors. Watkin was succeeded by his brother, Stephen Sanders, who held Sandersted according to the Domesday Book before the conquest

William Sanders of Charlwood, in the time of Henry VI, married Joan Carew, daughter and co-heir of Thomas Carew, of Reddington, County Surrey; his great-grandson, Sir Thomas Sanders, knight, of Charlwood, had confirmation of the family arms in 1653, viz.: Sable, a chevron ermine between three bull's heads cabossed argent. Crest: A demi-bull per pale gules and sable eared and horned argent and or, countercharged about his neck a collar gemee argent supporting between his feet a stalk of alisaunder, leaved bert budded or. This armorial doubtless took the place of the more ancient elephant's heads described above.

(I) JOHN SAUNDERS or SANDERS, the immigrant ancestor, was born in England; came to Ipswich in 1635 or earlier; was admitted freeman in 1643. He removed to Hampton, N. H., about 1643, and sold land there to Henry Dow. He had a house lot in Ipswich between Mr. Sewall's and Saltonstall's garden at the mill; he sold land at the Meadows in Ipswich in 1639. He was fined for using "indiscreet words" in 1643 at Hampton, and soon afterward settled at Cape Porpoise (Kennebunkport), Me. He had "six little children," according to the court records of Hampton, in the case mentioned. He married Ann ——. He bought land in Wells, Me., August 20, 1645, of Ezekiel Knight; but his first purchase in Maine appears to be two years earlier, July 14, 1643, of the patentee, Sir Ferdinando Gorges, one hundred and fifty acres between Little River and Cape Porpoise, in Wells, and fifty acres in the vicinity. Flewellyn, son of Sagamore Sosavan, confirmed the sale of land by his father (Indian chief) to John Sanders, Sr., John Bush, and Peter Turbutt, land above Wells and Cape Porpoise, between the cape and a line four miles west of Saco River. Sanders bought land of Peter Tarbutt, December 16, 1663.

John Sanders died in 1670. His widow Ann and eldest son Thomas deeded land adjoining Symond Bussey and Nicholas Cole to Andrew Alger, October 21, 1670. Children: 1. Thomas lived in Arundel, sold land in Falmouth in 1732. 2. John, mentioned below. 3. Elizabeth. Three others.

(II) JOHN SAUNDERS, son of John Saunders (I), was born about 1640. He settled at Cape Porpoise with his father when a child. He was a fisherman. He married Mary ——. His father was known as John, Sr., in 1663. John, Jr., sold land to Brian Pendleton, of Winter Harbor, at Cape Porpoise, southwest of Long Cove, October 6, 1673, being then married. The considera-

tion was three pounds in wheat and peas. He died about 1700, and about 1702 his family located in Gloucester, driven from home probably by the Indian troubles of that period. The history of Gloucester intimates that the family came direct from England. That is an error. Nathaniel Saunders, of Gloucester, quitclaimed his share of his father's estate to his brother-in-law, Jonathan Springer, March 9, 1713/4. Mary (Sanders) Pease and her husband, Samuel Pease, did likewise, March 10, 1713/4, the property being at Cape Porpoise, as mentioned above. The widow Mary died at Gloucester, December 21, 1717, aged sixty years. Children: 1. John, lost at sea, February, 1736, on a voyage to the Isle of Sable; married. 2. Nathaniel had four sons: Nathaniel, John, Joseph, and David, and five daughters. 3. Captain Thomas. 4. Edward, died 1759; shipwright at Gloucester; left four sons and three daughters. 5. Joseph, married, January 1, 1735, and had son Nathaniel, born June 29, 1736; Joseph was lost with his brother John at sea; both had posthumous sons. 6. Mary, married Samuel Pease. 7. Elizabeth, married Jonathan Springer. (See Springer family.)

LORD

The surname Lord is derived from *klaford*, formed from *hlaf* and *ord*, a beginning or cause, and it was early applied in England to one who had charge of the food supply of the royal household, the loaf-maker, and is now given to persons of noble birth and many officials in Great Britain. The surname Lord has been in use for many centuries, derived from some noble bearing the title. Ridlon, in his Saco Valley history, says: "Lord is the surname of a numerous race of large-framed, iron-sided, steel-sinewed, tough-fibered men and women of New England, many of whom have survived to patriarchal age."

The English home of the family appears to have been London. The branches of this family bearing arms all had and have the same: argent on a fesse between three cinquefoils azure two pheons of the field. Crest: A dexter arm, hand clinched proper in a maunch azure cuffed or.

(I) ANTHONY LORD is mentioned in the will of his son, John Lord, of Redriff, Surrey, England, dated September 14, 1603, and proved December 8, 1603. Children: 1. Robert. 2. John, whose will mentioned above bequeaths to wife Elizabeth two houses in Sudbury, Suffolk, one in Gregory Parish, the other in Peter's Parish; to daughter Elizabeth: to brother Robert; mentions sisters Alice, Joan, and Prewé, and father. 3. Alice. 4. Joan. 5. Prewé.

(II) ROBERT LORD, son of Anthony Lord (I), was born as early as 1570. He is mentioned in the will of his brother, as stated above. His widow, Katherine Lord, went to Ipswich with her son Robert from Sudbury, England, and received a grant of land there in 1641. She conveyed to John Lord, of Sudbury, England, her husband's cousin, her interest in the messuage in the parish of St. Gregory. This John Lord's will is dated March 1, 1640, proved July 11, 1655, bequeathing to wife Bennett his property in St. Gregory, Sudbury, "which I lately purchased of Robert Lord, my kinsman, and Katherine, his mother, or one of them"; also the messuage in All Hallows, Sudbury, where he lived, to his

daughter Elizabeth, wife of William Stacy, the younger, of Bocking, Essex; to grandchild Anne Stacy, Elizabeth Stacy, and Mary Stacy; to cousin (nephew) Thomas Gunton and his brother, William Gunton, etc.; to "cousin" (nephew) Robert Lord, "if he comes again from beyond the seas to demand it, ten pounds"; to half-sister Susan Lord; to servants, etc.; his widow, Bennett Lord, made will September 26, 1653, proved July 26, 1655, mentioning many of the same relatives.

Robert Lord died before 1635, and we know of but one son, Robert (III), mentioned below.

(III) ROBERT LORD, son of Robert Lord (II), the immigrant ancestor, was born in England in 1603 and died at Ipswich, Mass., August 12, 1683, in his eightieth year. He was admitted a freeman in Boston March 3, 1635/6; was an early settler in Ipswich; subscribed to the fund for Major Denison's salary in 1648; was granted a house lot, February 19, 1637, on High Street, adjoining the homestead of Humphrey Vincent and next east of the lot of William Bartholomew, and the Lord homestead remained in the family until after 1847, possibly to the present time. In 1645 Lord was appointed to keep the streets free of wood and timber, particularly of teams left in the road. He was town clerk many years; selectman in 1661 and many years subsequently; clerk of courts; register of deeds until his death, in 1683; deputy to the General Court in 1638. He was a voter in town affairs in 1679, and doubtless much earlier than that date. He signed the Loyalist petition of 1666. He was among the most prominent citizens of the colony from the first. As early as 1645 he was appointed, with Richard Saltonstall, Daniel Denison, Samuel Appleton, Richard Jacob, and John Payne, a committee to grant house lots to the settlers of Ipswich. He held the highest offices of the town and county. He was prosperous and bought land from time to time, in 1677, 1679, and 1682. He deposed, July 30, 1660, that he was fifty-seven years old.

Lord wrote a letter, presented to the Middlesex Court February 2, 1673, to William Bartholomew, his next neighbor, calling him "brother." In an account book that he left he mentions "sister Fitts." Lord married, in 1630, Mary Wait, who survived him. His will is dated June 28, 1683, and was proved September 25 following. He bequeathed to his wife Mary, mentioning that they had lived together in marriage almost fifty-three years; to sons Thomas and Samuel, living at Charlestown; to son

Nathaniel; to daughter Sarah Wilson; to Mary, William, Joseph, and Samuel, the children of daughter Chandler, deceased, and to daughter Grow and her children, provided that they pay a certain sum to their sister, Susanna Osgood, and her children; to grandson Samuel Lord, "now living with me"; to grandson Robert Lord, "tersha" (*tertius* = third).

Ridlon says: "He served more than twenty years in Indian wars, and became so inured to camp life and exposure that he could never after sleep on a feather bed." The following story is told of his Indian exploits: He was, we are told, below the average in height, but of powerful mold and one of the most athletic, muscular, and fearless men in the colonial service. There is a tradition that the Indians themselves at one time when confronted by Lord's Rangers proposed to decide the battle that was anticipated by an encounter between the champions of the two parties. To this proposition the whites agreed, and Robert Lord walked to the front. The Indians selected the most powerful of their tribe, a perfect giant, fully seven feet (*sic*) in stature. The two men were to meet at full run, and take the "Indian hug" as they closed. The savages anticipated an easy victory. The two combatants came together, like two infuriated bullocks, with a tremendous shock, but in an instant the redskin lay stretched upon the earth, and the shouts of the colonial scouts rang out exultantly. Not satisfied with a single trial, the two champions were required to rush and clinch again. In this second encounter Lord took the hip-lock on his greasy antagonist and threw him with such force that the Indian suffered the rupture of a blood vessel. The wounded man was carried from the arena, and the Indians freely acknowledged the defeat, afterwards reporting that some white man's devil invested Lord with supernatural power and strength.

Samuel Waite, of Wethersfield, County Essex, England, was the father of Robert Lord's wife Mary. His wife, according to the Chandler manuscripts in the Bodleian Library, London, was daughter of Rev. John and Susanna Ward, of Haverhill, Suffolk County, England. The wife's name was Mary Ward and residence is given also as Rivenhall, Essex, while Samuel Waite lived at Wethersfield, Essex. Mary (Waite) Lord died at Ipswich August 21, 1683, aged seventy-nine. A son of this Samuel Waite settled in Ipswich (Thomas Waite), and another (John Waite), lived at Malden and Rumney Marsh (Chelsea), Mass.

Children: 1. Robert, Jr., died November 11, 1696; was marshal

of the court; married Hannah Day; resided in Ipswich and had many descendants. 2. Sarah, married ——— Wilson. 3. Nathaniel, mentioned below. 4. Thomas, born 1644; cordwainer by trade; married Alice Rand, daughter of Robert and Alice Rand; she died August 11, 1721; he died June 4, 1713, aged eighty; lived in Charlestown. 5. Samuel, born at Ipswich; married, October 15, 1667, Elizabeth Ted (or Tidd); married, second, Rebecca Eddington, and she married, second, Edward Wilson, of Ipswich; Samuel lived in Charlestown. 6. Daughter, married ——— Chandler. 7. Susannah, married ——— Osgood. 8. Abigail, married ——— Foster. 9. Hannah, married John Grow.

(IV) NATHANIEL LORD, son of Robert Lord (III), was born about 1653, in Ipswich, Mass., and died there December 18, 1733 (Hammatt's record), or January 18, 1733/4 (town record), aged eighty. He was a soldier in King Philip's War, his name appearing on the pay-roll of an Ipswich company. He was town treasurer of Ipswich. He must have been a carpenter or cabinet-maker, the record showing that he made the coffin for Mr. Cobbet in 1685. His name appears often on the Ipswich records. He married, December 31, 1685, Mary Bolles, widow, daughter of Philip and Mary Call. The will of Philip Call, made at Ipswich May 6, 1662, and proved September 30 following, bequeaths to son Philip and to this daughter Mary. Lord was a commoner in Ipswich in 1678, and a prominent and influential citizen. Children born at Ipswich: 1. Nathaniel, born 1687; mentioned below. (Should not be confused with his cousin Nathaniel, born 1681, son of Robert Lord (IV).) 2. Philip, born March 5, 1690/1. 3. Elizabeth, born November 4, 1693. 4. Jeremiah, born November 10, 1696. 5. Samuel, born October 28, 1700.

(V) NATHANIEL LORD, son of Nathaniel Lord (IV), was born in Ipswich in 1687 and died there August 10, 1770, aged eighty-three. (See gravestone at Ipswich.) He was a housewright or carpenter by trade. He married (intention filed at Ipswich November 27, 1720) Ann Kimball; born November 21, 1695; died August 2, 1785; daughter of Caleb Kimball. (See Kimball family.)

Nathaniel Lord had a grant of land at Ipswich Canada, as heir of his Uncle Samuel, on account of his service in the Expedition to Canada in 1690. Ipswich Canada was the original name of Winchendon, Mass. Administration on the estate of Nathaniel

Lord was granted to Nathaniel Lord, Jr., Samuel and Caleb Lord being sureties on his bond, August 28, 1770. The estate was divided by the court February 25, 1771. Children born and baptized at Ipswich: 1. Nathaniel, baptized October 3, 1721; mentioned below. 2. Anna, born 1724; baptized March 29, 1724/5. 3. Caleb, baptized January 16, 1725/6; his children all died young. 4. Daniel. 5. Lucy, baptized March 22, 1729; died before 1771; married ——— Williams. 6. Aaron, baptized May 28, 1732. 7. Joseph, baptized August 11, 1734; left no children. 8. Mary, baptized September 25, 1737. 9. Elizabeth, baptized January 12, 1739; died young. 10. Elizabeth, baptized October 9, 1743; married ——— Andrews. 11. Susannah, baptized October 20, 1745; died before 1771.

(VI) LIEUTENANT NATHANIEL LORD, son of Nathaniel Lord (V), was born in Ipswich in 1721; baptized there, October 3, 1721, in the old First Church; died there September 23, 1794, aged seventy-three years. He married, at Ipswich, February 27, 1746, Sarah Wells, a descendant of Thomas Wells, one of the pioneers of Ipswich. His widow died October 3, 1797. He was a carpenter by trade. He was lieutenant of the Ipswich Company, and doubtless served in the French and Indian wars, the records of which are lost. He bought his homestead of Madame Berry, as stated in his will, dated March 2, 1792, and proved February 4, 1795. He bequeathed to his son Nathaniel, son Joseph, daughter Anna Symmes, daughter Abigail Hodgkins, daughter Lucy Staniford, thirty pounds; and to granddaughter Mary Shatswell. Children born and baptized in Ipswich: 1. Sarah, baptized May 22, 1748. 2. Nathaniel, baptized March 18, 1753; soldier in the Revolution. 3. Anna, baptized February 3, 1750; married ——— Symmes. 4. Abigail, baptized June 11, 1758; married ——— Hidgkins. 5. Joseph, baptized in 1763. 6. Lucy, baptized October 6, 1765; mentioned below.

(VII) LUCY LORD, daughter of Lieutenant Nathaniel Lord (IV), was born October 4, 1765; baptized October 6, 1765, in Ipswich; married, 1785, Aaron Staniford, of Ipswich. (See sketch of Staniford family.)

KIMBALL

(I) RICHARD KIMBALL, the immigrant ancestor, was born in England in 1604. He came to Massachusetts in the ship *Elizabeth*, of Ipswich, sailing April 30, 1634, with wife Ursula and children: Henry, aged fifteen; Elizabeth, aged thirteen; Richard, aged eleven; Mary, aged nine; Martha, aged five; John, aged three; and Thomas, aged one. He settled near his brother, Henry Kimball, at Watertown, Mass. He became a proprietor and was admitted a freeman, May 6, 1635. He removed to Ipswich and was a proprietor there in 1637. He was given good inducements to settle in Ipswich because of his trade, a wheelwright. He was one of the executors of the estate of his wife's brother, Thomas Scott. His wife Ursula was daughter of Thomas and Martha Scott, of Rattlesden, England, and her mother and brother Thomas came over in the same ship with the Kimballs. Kimball married, second, October 23, 1661, Margaret Dow, widow of Henry Dow, who died March 1, 1675/6. Richard Kimball's will is dated March 5, 1674, and was proved September 28, 1675. He bequeathed to his wife, in fulfillment of marriage contract; to sons Henry, Richard, John, Thomas (and children); to daughters Elizabeth, Mary, and Sarah and her children; to wife's children, Thomas, Jeremiah, and Mary; to son-in-law, John Severance; to the two eldest daughters of Giles Cowes by his first wife; to cousin Haniell Bosworth; to Benjamin and children; Caleb and seven children. The estate of the widow of Richard Kimball was appraised March 1, 1675/6 and administration granted to Daniel and Thomas Dow, her sons. Children: 1. Henry, born 1619. 2. Elizabeth, born 1621. 3. Richard, born 1623. 4. Mary, born 1625. 5. Martha, born 1629. 6. John, born 1631. 7. Thomas, born 1633. 8. Sarah, born in New England. 9. Benjamin. 10. Caleb, born 1639; mentioned below.

(II) CALEB KIMBALL, son of Richard Kimball, was born in Ipswich in 1639 and died in 1682. He resided in Ipswich and was a prosperous farmer, owning land also in Salisbury and Bradford, Mass. The inventory of his estate is dated September 23, 1682,

including, it may be interesting to note, eighteen head of cattle, twenty-three sheep, ten swine, three horses. He married, November 7, 1660, Anna Hazeltine, born April 1, 1640; died April 9, 1688; daughter of Robert and Hannah Hazeltine, of Rowley. Children: 1. Caleb, born September 8, 1662; mentioned below. 2. Anna, born December 11, 1664; married Christopher Martin. 3. Elizebeth, born June 3, 1666; married, January 4, 1687, Jeremiah Jewett. 4. Abigail, born June, 1668; died May 30, 1758; married, January, 1693, Nathaniel Adams. 5. Mary, married, June 16, 1696, Thomas Potter. 6. Robert, born 1674; died in England, June 27, 1703. 7. Abraham, born June 29, 1676; died young. 8. Benjamin, born March 22, 1678; died, unmarried, in 1704. 9. Sarah, born May 19, 1680; married, December 17, 1701, Joseph Fellows. 10. Richard, died April 10, 1678.

(III) CALEB KIMBALL, son of Caleb Kimball (II), was born in Ipswich, September 8, 1662, and died there, February 4, 1736. His will was dated February 28, 1736, bequeathing property valued at 479 pounds, according to the inventory. He married, first, November 23, 1685, Lucy Edwards, born February 28, 1666/7; died August 13, 1717. He married, second (intention dated May 21, 1719), Elizabeth Rindge. He married, third, Hannah —, who died January 3, 1721; fourth, April 14, 1722, Mary Burley, who died November 23, 1743. He had a daughter Ann, born November 21, 1695; died August 2, 1785, who married Nathaniel Lord. (See sketch of Lord family herewith.)

WHEELER

BY GEORGE TOLMAN

(I) GEORGE WHEELER was among the first settlers of Concord, and his name occurs upon the records in the first year that any records were kept and thereafter every year until his death. He appears to have been a citizen of prominence and influence. We find his name attached to a petition in favor of Mr. Ambrose Martin in 1644; to a petition for a reduction in the taxes of Concord, on account of the poverty of the town and the withdrawal of the Rev. Mr. Jones and his followers in 1645; to a return to the order of the General Court in 1654, concerning a new grant of land to the town; to the report of a town committee on the laying out of Major Willard's 1,000-acre grant in 1660; to a petition in 1659 concerning the great charge caused to the town by having to maintain so many bridges, etc. In 1654 he was one of a town committee to apportion the charges of highways, etc.; selectman in 1660; and in 1676 was one of the overseers of the town for the South Quarter—the present center of the town. His "house-lot," containing eleven acres, was at the corner of what are now Main and Walden Streets, and must have extended some distance up Main Street, for there was another lot between him and Robert Meriam, who lived on what has been known in later years as the Ebenezer Hubbard place. He owned various parcels of land in all parts of the town: in Brook Meadow, Fairhaven Meadow, the Cranefield, on White Pond Plain, near Walden Pond, near Goose Pond, etc. He held land in joint ownership with Obadiah Wheeler, who was probably his brother, and had land along the mill-brook in the center of the town in joint ownership with Capt. Timothy Wheeler, who was probably his nephew.

His wife's name was Katherine (her family name unknown). Doubtless he was married in England, where it is not unlikely that two or perhaps more of his older children were born. The first birth of a child of his recorded in Concord was in 1640; but, as his will shows, he had had five children before that time. That would bring the birth of the oldest not far from the year 1630,

and gives the year 1605 as a fair conjecture for his own birth. Eight children are named in his will in the order here given, which was probably the order of their birth: 1. Thomas, married Hannah Harrod. 2. William, married Hannah Buss. 3. Ruth, married Samuel Hartwell. 4. Elizabeth, married Francis Fletcher. 5. Hannah, married — Fletcher. 6. Sarah, born March 30, 1640; married Francis Dudley. 7. John, born March 19, 1642; mentioned below. 8. Mary, born September 6, 1645, married Eliphalet Fox.

George Wheeler's wife Katherine died January 2, 1685. The date of his death is not known, but his will, which was drawn January 20, 1685, was presented for probate June 2, 1687, by his son John, executor, the only one of his sons then living.

(II) JOHN WHEELER, son of George Wheeler (I), was born March 19, 1642; married, March 25, 1663, Sarah Larkin. She was born at Charlestown, March 12, 1647, and was daughter of Deacon Edward Larkin and wife Joanna.

John Wheeler bought of Thomas Brooks, in 1664, ten and one-half acres of land for a house lot, being the place now occupied by Nathan B. Stow, and he appears to have lived there all his life, though he gave the property to his youngest son, Ebenezer, just previously to the latter's marriage. He also gave to his eldest son, Samuel, on the occasion of his marriage, the old homestead that he had inherited from his father, George.

John Wheeler died September 27, 1713, and his widow, Sarah, died August 12, 1725. Their graves are unknown.

They had nine children, as follows: 1. Samuel, July 6, 1664; married Mary Hosmer. 2. Sarah, —, 1666; married John Meriam. 3. Edward, July 17, 1669; mentioned below. 4. Joanna, December 21, 1671. 5. Mary, September 16, 1673; married Jacob Wood. 6. Lydia, October 27, 1675; married Timothy Wheeler. 7. Esther, December 1, 1678; married Samuel Prescott. 8. Ebenezer, June 3, 1682 (twin); married Mary Minott. 9. Thankful, June 3, 1682 (twin); married Jonas Prescott.

(III) EDWARD WHEELER, son of John Wheeler (II), was born July 17, 1669, at Concord; married, November 23, 1697, Sarah Meriam. She was born at Concord, August 18, 1675, and was daughter of Samuel Meriam and wife, Elizabeth Townsend. Samuel Meriam was son of George Meriam, who, with his brothers Robert and Joseph, from Hadlow, Kent, England, came to Concord

among the first settlers. George Meriam lived on Walden Street, just below the Wheelers, about where Mrs. Daniel L. Giles now lives. Edward Wheeler was by trade a weaver. In 1696 he purchased of John Scotchford a house and six acres of land, bounded east and south by land of his father, John Wheeler, which, as nearly as can be now made out from the deed, included the land at the corner of Sudbury Road and Devens Street, now known as the Ephraim Wheeler place. He seems to have lived just below this spot, near the present high school lot, a piece of property which his father conveyed to him by deed of gift in 1712, and which he (Edward) was at that time "improving," *i. e.*, living upon.

Edward Wheeler was deacon of the church in Concord for at least ten years, until his death, which occurred February 17, 1734. His widow died October 25, 1738. Their children were: 1. Edward, October 23, 1698; married Elizabeth Herrick and removed to Littleton. 2. Nathan, March 2, 1700. 3. Esther, October 15, 1702; married — Simpson. 4. David, December 26, 1707; mentioned below. 5. Sarah, November 27, 1709; died December 11, 1711. 6. Abigail, November 9, 1712; married Ephraim Brown. 7. Mary, April 20, 1715.

(IV) DAVID WHEELER, son of Edward Wheeler (III), was born at Concord, December 26, 1707; married Sarah Meriam. She was born at Concord, April 1, 1713, and was daughter of Samuel Meriam and his wife, Sarah Wheeler. Her father, Samuel Meriam, was grandson of Joseph Meriam, who was brother of George Meriam. Sarah Wheeler, wife of Samuel Meriam, was daughter of Deacon John Wheeler and his wife, Sarah Stearns; this Deacon John Wheeler was son of Sergeant Thomas Wheeler and his wife, Sarah Meriam, who was daughter of the above named Joseph Meriam.

David Wheeler was deacon from 1766 until his death, which occurred March 24, 1784. His widow died April 5, 1797.

His children were: 1. Ephraim, December 11, 1734; mentioned below. 2. Sarah, January 31, 1737; married David Vose.

(V) EPHRAIM WHEELER, son of David Wheeler (IV), was born at Concord, December 11, 1734; married, November 27, 1766, Sarah Heywood. She was born at Concord, October 18, 1745, and was daughter of Jonathan Heywood and his wife, Sarah Stone. She was a sister of Dr. Abiel Heywood, father of George

Heywood, now living. Ephraim Wheeler died September 23, 1809, and on June 13, 1811, his widow was married to Deacon William Parkman, whose daughter Sarah was then the wife of her son, Ephraim Wheeler, Jr. She was the third wife of Deacon Parkman and survived him for some years, dying November 15, 1837, at the age of over ninety-two years.

Ephraim Wheeler lived in the old house still standing on Sudbury Road between Devens and Thoreau Streets, owned by his father, Deacon David.

He had five children, as follows: 1. Sarah, August 27, 1767; died young (September 4, 1775). 2. Rebecca, January 20, 1770; married Thomas Hubbard. 3. Ephraim, March 21, 1773; mentioned below. 4. Jonathan, July 31, 1776; died September 4, 1811. 5. Sally, January 24, 1786; married Seth Bemis.

(VI) EPHRAIM WHEELER, son of Ephraim Wheeler (V), was born March 21, 1773; married, September 26, 1799, Sarah Parkman. She was born May 25, 1777, at Concord, and was daughter of Deacon William Parkman and his first wife, Lydia Adams. (See Parkman family.)

He lived in the house previously occupied by his father. He died August 19, 1848, and his widow died January 19, 1856. They had four children, as follows: 1. Lydia Parkman, July 13, 1800; married Cyrus Hosmer. 2. Henry Adams, November 22, 1802; married Dolly Kendall, September 30, 1828; mentioned below. 3. Jonathan, October 14, 1804; married Deborah S. Train. 4. Abiel Heywood, February 13, 1807; married Harriet Lincoln.

(VII) HENRY ADAMS WHEELER, son of Ephraim Wheeler (VI), married Dolly Kendall. She was born at Holden, September 19, 1809, and was the daughter of Caleb Kendall and his wife, Dolly Sawyer. (See sketch of the Kendall and Sawyer families.) Henry A. Wheeler was a farmer of Concord and lived in the house on Sudbury Road now occupied by the family of his son Caleb, and nearly opposite the Ephraim Wheeler house. He died, September 4, 1881, at Concord, and his widow died September 5, 1885. They had nine children, as follows: 1. Mary Jane, August 8, 1829; died January 13, 1851; unmarried. 2. Sarah Eliza, February 13, 1832; married Alonzo Burgess, August 1, 1854. 3. Lucy Ann, January 6, 1834; died April 30, 1854; unmarried. 4. Rebecca, August 6, 1835; married Thomas Todd, May 6, 1858. Children: i. Agnes Staniford, born June 16, 1859; died October 20, 1881;

ii. Gertrude, born December 22, 1867; iii. Thomas, Jr., born May 25, 1878. (See Todd family.) 5. Abby Frances, May 20, 1837; married Julius M. Smith, December 28, 1865. 6. Eliza Kendall, December 21, 1840; died March 5, 1842. 7. Caleb Henry, November 10, 1842; married, first, Ellen A. Brown, who died January 19, 1869; child, Nellie, born January 9, 1869; died April 19, 1869. Married, second, Sarah Elizabeth Parks, November 13, 1879, and died September 4, 1900; their children were: i. Julia Dale, born October 19, 1880; ii. Sarah Kendall, born May 25, 1882; iii. Mary Ellen, born April 18, 1885; iv. Elizabeth Parks, born April 21, 1888; v. Caleb Henry, Jr., born May 22, 1891. 8. Fanny Wood, February 5, 1845; died July 14, 1847. 9. Martha Washington, February 22, 1849; married Dr. Samuel Worcester, May 4, 1871. Children: i. Samuel Howard, born March 22, 1873; ii. Edith May, born February 28, 1876; iii. Herbert Wheeler, born October 20, 1883.

The Wheeler line runs:

First generation, George and Katherine.

Second generation, John and Sarah (Larkin).

Third generation, Edward and Sarah (Meriam).

Fourth generation, David and Sarah (Meriam).

Fifth generation, Ephraim and Sarah (Heywood).

Sixth generation, Ephraim and Sarah (Parkman).

Seventh generation, Henry Adams and Dolly (Kendall).

Eighth generation, Caleb H., Rebecca, Abby, etc.

ADAMS

(I) HENRY ADAMS, from Devonshire, England, settled at Braintree, now Quincy, in the year 1632. He is said to have brought with him eight sons, one of whom returned to England, the others remaining in New England—one at Braintree, the others scattering themselves among the different towns of the infant colony. There were several other immigrants of the name of Adams whose connection with this first Henry, if any such connection existed, is not possible to discover. From this Henry, however, were descended Samuel Adams, "the father of the American Revolution," and John and John Quincy Adams, Presidents of the United States. Henry Adams died October 8, 1646. Children: 1. Henry, born 1604; mentioned below. 2. Lieutenant Thomas, born in England, 1612; married, 1642, Mary Blackmore (?). 3. Captain Samuel, born 1617; married, first, Rebecca Graves; second, May 7, 1663, Esther Sparhawk; died, January 24, 1688/9. 4. Deacon Jonathan, born 1619; married, first, Elizabeth Fussell; second, Mary —; died 1690. 5. Peter, born 1622; married Rachel —. 6. John, born about 1624. 7. Joseph, born 1626; married, November 26, 1650, Abigail Baxter; died December 6, 1694. 8. Ensign Edward, born 1630; married, first, 1652, Lydia Rockwood; second, 1678, Widow Abigail Craft; third, January 6, 1709/10, Sarah Taylor; died November 12, 1716.

(II) LIEUTENANT HENRY ADAMS, one of these eight sons of Henry Adams (I), married, November 17, 1643, Elizabeth Paine. She was born in England and was brought to New England by her father, Moses Paine, who settled at Braintree before 1641. After his marriage Henry Adams removed to Medfield, and his children were born there. On February 21, 1676, in the Indian attack upon Medfield, Mr. Adams was killed by the savages on the doorstep of his own house. His wife, who had taken refuge in one of the fortified houses of the village, where she was lying ill in bed in an upper room, was accidentally shot within two hours after the death of her husband, a bullet from a gun carelessly fired by one of the defenders in the room below coming through the floor and fatally wounding her. She died a week later. Children: 1. Eleazer, born in Braintree, August 5, 1644; married, 1667, Elizabeth Harding; died April 14, 1701. 2. Jasper,

born in Medfield, April 23, 1647; died July 10, 1701. 3. Elizabeth, born November 11, 1649; married, December 16, 1667/8, Deacon John Harding; died 1727. 4. John, born July 14, 1652; died, unmarried, April 11, 1728. 5. Henry (twin), born July 14, 1652; died July 10, 1653. 6. Moses, born October 26, 1654; married, April 15, 1681, Lydia Whitney; died 1724. 7. Henry, born November 15, 1657; mentioned below. 8. Samuel, born November 2 (December 10?), 1661/2; married, November 2, 1709, Mary Plimpton.

(III) HENRY ADAMS, son of Henry Adams (II), was born at Medfield, November 15, 1657; married Prudence Frary, who was born at Medfield, August 30, 1662, and was daughter of John Frary, one of the earliest settlers of Medfield.

Henry Adams died at Medfield, September, 1743. His widow died February 20, 1750. He was deputy to the General Court in 1706. Children: 1. Prudence, born in Medfield, April 10, 1682/3; married, April 14, 1702, Joseph Morse; died February 23, 1772. 2. Hannah, born October 14, 1685; married, June 9, 1703, Edward Clark; died October 27, 1775. 3. Thomas, born May 21, 1688; married Mary Ellis; died March 31, 1763. 4. Jeremiah, born January 14, 1691; married, 1715, Mrs. Rebecca (Wheelock) Fisher; died October 8, 1772. 5. Elizabeth, born January 8, 1693; married, first, 1740, Solomon Clark; second, 1756, Joseph Richardson; died November 26, 1766. 6. Sarah, born December 13, 1697; married, 1724, Samuel Ellis; died 1733. 7. Henry, born May 24, 1702; mentioned below.

(IV) HENRY ADAMS, son of Henry Adams (III), was born at Medfield, May 24, 1702; married Jemima Morse, who was born at Medfield, March 16, 1709, and was daughter of Joshua and Elizabeth Morse. (See Morse line.)

Henry Adams died at Medfield, November 3, 1782. He was appointed coroner by King George III for Massachusetts Bay in 1743; was selectman. His Bible, published in Edinburgh in 1729, is in the possession of his great-grandson, Henry S. Adams, at Paola, Kan. Children: 1. Rev. Amos, born September 1, 1728; married, first, October 18, 1753, Elizabeth Prentice; second, February 15, 1770, Mrs. Abigail Mears; third, 1771, Sarah Chauncey; died October 5, 1775. 2. Sarah, born December 30, 1730; married — Harding; died December 4, 1766. 3. Elizabeth, born September 21, 1732; died September 25, 1733. 4. Deacon Enoch, born June 4, 1734; married, November 3, 1763, Eunice Wight; died July

9, 1811. 5. Elizabeth, born October 1, 1736; married, September 11, 1760, Lieutenant Oliver Adams; died December 11, 1822. 6. Jemima, born April 11, 1740; married, September 27, 1764, Captain Joseph Lovell; died October 27, 1814. 7. Lydia, born November 25, 1741; married, 1766, Deacon William Parkman (see Parkman family); died May 16, 1787.

The Adams line runs:

First generation, Henry, the original immigrant.

Second generation, Henry and Elizabeth (Paine).

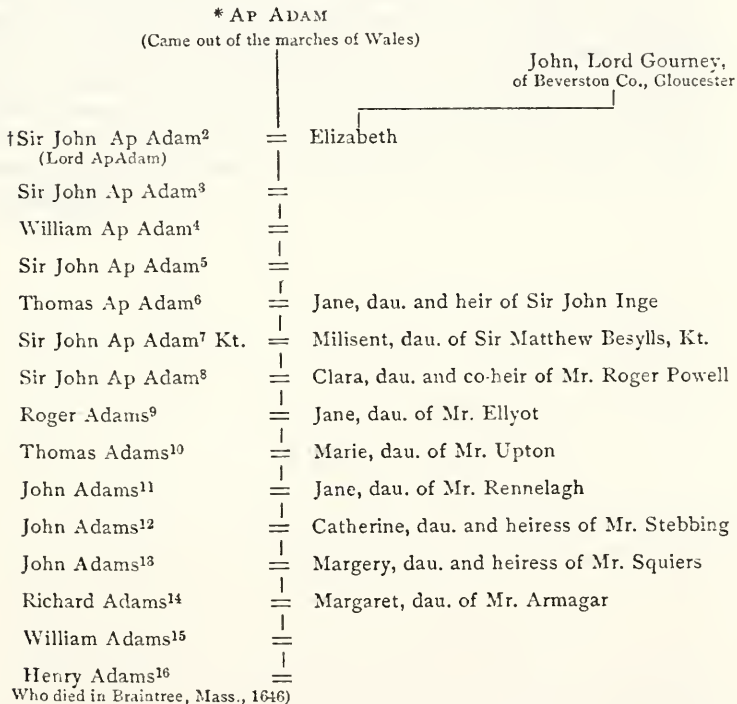
Third generation, Henry and Prudence (Frary).

Fourth generation, Henry and Jemima (Morse).

Fifth generation, Lydia, who married William Parkman, whose daughter,

Sixth, Sarah Parkman, married Ephraim Wheeler; they were the parents of,

Seventh, *Henry Adams Wheeler*.



* Ap Adam was a lord of a march. These lords of marches lived like petty kings with their private laws, which were abolished. (Stat. 27, Hen. 8.)

† He was summoned to parliament as a Baron of the Realm, 1296-1307.

ARMS

Arms: Argent, a cross gules, 5 mullets or.

Crest: Out of a ducal coronet a demi lion.

In the upper part of a Gothic window on the southeast side of Tidenham Church, near Chopston, the name Johes. Ap Adam 1310 and arms are still to be found beautifully executed in stained glass of great thickness and in a state of perfect preservation.

Authority for the data of this genealogy:

The above very ancient pedigree of the Adams family has been furnished by William Downing Bruce, Esq., F.S.A. and Cor. Mem. of N. E. H. G. So. of the Middle Temple, London. His letter accompanying it, addressed to J. W. Thornton, Esq., is as follows:

“Dear Sir: I have found what I consider of great interest to every American—the genealogy of John Adams, the second president of the United States of America. It is copied from an ancient parchment rolls with arms, etc., of the times of Charles I, which I discovered among the papers of the late Edward Hamlin Adams, Esq., M. P. for the County of Caermarthen, and it is now in the possession of his son, Edward Adams, Esq., of Middleton Hall, in the said county. Mr. Adams is a gentleman of great wealth and consequence in this county and takes a great interest in genealogy.”

MORSE

(I) SAMUEL MORSE, an immigrant ancestor, was born in England in 1586. He sailed for New England on the ship *Increase*, April 15, 1635, and settled at Dedham. He was admitted a freeman there October 8, 1640, and later removed to the adjoining town of Medfield, where many of his descendants have lived. He was a town officer of Dedham and one of the proprietors. He died April 5, 1654, and his will was proved January 30, 1654/5. His widow died June 20, 1655. He married, in England, Elizabeth —, who was forty-eight years old when she emigrated; born, therefore, about 1587. Children: 1. John, born 1611; died November 16, 1657. 2. Daniel, born 1613. 3. Joseph, mentioned below. 4. Abigail, married Daniel Fisher, of Dedham. 5. Mary, married Samuel Bullen. 6. Jeremiah, went East.

(II) JOSEPH MORSE, son of Samuel Morse (I), was born in England in 1615 and was the first immigrant of this family. He settled first in Watertown, but in 1637, after his father came, removed to Dedham. He married, in 1638, Hannah Phillips. While he was clearing the land at Medfield and preparing the house for his family, they lived at Dorchester; but he died before he had his new home ready, and the growing corn and unfinished log house were left for his children to care for. The widow married, in 1658, Thomas Boyden, who died in Boston in 1676, at the home of her eldest daughter. Children: 1. Samuel, born 1639; mentioned below. 2. Hannah, born 1640. 3. Sarah, born 1643. 4. Dorcas, born 1645; died 1725. 5. Elizabeth, born 1647; died 1715. 6. Joseph, born 1649; died 1718; settled in Sherborn. 7. Jeremiah, born 1651. 8. Child, died young.

(III) SAMUEL MORSE, son of Joseph Morse (II), was born in Dedham in 1639. He inherited part of his father's estate. His house, built in 1663, on the knoll east of Main and Pond Streets junction, was burned by the Indians in 1676, and was not rebuilt on that site, where the old cellar hole is, or was,

lately visible. He built his second house near that lately of John Ord, Jr., and the old well is still in use. In 1705 he was lieutenant of militia and teacher of the school at Medfield. In 1706 he obtained leave to flow the land "near the cow-pens" for a fulling mill, which was built on the site of the stone mill lately owned by Crehore. Samuel Morse was selectman six years and deputy to the General Court in 1707. He married, in 1665, Elizabeth Wood, who died in 1682. He married, second, in 1684, Sarah Thurston, who died in 1688. He died in 1718. Children of the first wife: 1. Samuel, born 1665. 2. Elizabeth, born March 21, 1668. 3. Hannah, born August 31, 1670; died young. 4. Ruth, born March 21, 1672. 5. Joseph, born 1674. 6. Joshua, born April 2, 1677; mentioned below. 7. Eleazer, born August 10, 1680. 8. Benoni, born June 19, 1682; died 1704. Children of the second wife: 9. Solomon, born 1684; died 1704. 10. Sarah, born 1686; married Isaac Bullard, of Sherborn.

(IV) JOSHUA MORSE, son of Samuel Morse (III), was born on the homestead at Medfield, April 2, 1677. He inherited part of the farm of his father in Medfield and bought much land on his own account. He was an innholder and owned a grist and saw mill. He built the house now, or lately, on the Jeremiah Johnston place. He married, in 1699, Elizabeth Penniman, daughter of Samuel Penniman, of Braintree; born 1675; died, 1705. He married, second, widow Mary Paine, of Braintree, who died in 1747. He was largely interested in the settlement of Sturbridge, and the first meetings were held at his tavern to organize the proprietors. He was deputy to the General Court six years. He died in 1749. Children, all by the first wife: 1. Elizabeth, born 1701. 2. Zipporah, born April 20, 1702. 3. Samuel, born May 4, 1703; settled in Uxbridge. 4. Mary, born 1707, settled in Worcester; married — Lovell. 5. Jemima, born March 16, 1709; married Henry Adams (IV). (See Adams family.) 6. Joshua, born December 28, 1710. 7. Eliakim, born 1712. 8. Lydia, born October 27, 1714. 9. Ruth, born October 6, 1716. 10. Ebenezer, born March 2, 1717/8. 11. Joseph, born November 30, 1721; married Olive Mason and settled in Nova Scotia.

ERRATUM for Todd Genealogy, Thomas Todd (1909)
(E 7 T 57) p. 43. Elizabeth² Kendall did not
marry James Pierce. see: New England Register Vol
LV, p. 443.

m.w.f. 11.22-37

KENDALL

(I) FRANCIS KENDALL married at Woburn, December 24, 1644, Mary Tidd. (See Tidd family.)

They are believed to have been the ancestors of all of the Kendall name in New England. He must have been born about 1620, for in the year 1700 he gives his age as about eighty years, in the course of certain testimony given by him in court. He appears in Charlestown in 1640, so he was plainly a minor when he left England. Tradition has it that he came away from home under an assumed name in order that his parents might not know of his emigration. At all events, the record of his marriage calls him "Francis Kendall, *alias* Miles." Whether this fact adds any support to the tradition, or whether the tradition was invented in order to account for the fact, is an open question; but that Kendall and not Miles was his proper family name appears to be proved by the fact that he had an elder brother, Thomas Kendall, who came to New England about the same time and settled in Reading, concerning whose patronymic of Kendall there was never any uncertainty. This Thomas Kendall, by the way, had ten children, all girls. He was one of the original inhabitants of Woburn, where he was a selectman for eighteen years, and where he held various other local positions of trust. He was a miller by occupation. He died at Woburn in 1708; his wife died in 1705. Their children were: 1. John, July 2, 1646. 2. Thomas, January 10, 1649. 3. Mary, January 20, 1651; married Israel Reed. 4. Elizabeth, January 15, 1653; married James Pierce. 5. Hannah, January 26, 1655; married William Green. 6. Rebecca, March 2, 1657; married Joshua Eaton. 7. Samuel, March 8, 1659; mentioned below. 8. Jacob, January 25, 1661. 9. Abigail, April 6, 1666; married William Read.

(II) SAMUEL KENDALL, son of Francis Kendall (I), was born March 8, 1659, at Woburn; married, November 13, 1683, Rebecca Mixer. She died October 25, 1691, and he married, second, March 30, 1692, Mary Locke.

He was a miller and lived the greater part of his life at

Woburn, where his children, four by his first wife and six by his second wife, were born. About 1743, in company with his grandson Samuel (hereafter to be noticed), he removed to Lancaster and died there in 1749, aged ninety years. His children were: 1. Samuel, August 13, 1684; mentioned below. 2. Isaac, September 13, 1686. 3. Joshua, March 14, 1689. 4. Rebekah, July 6, 1691; died November 25, 1691. 5. Mary, February 3, 1693. 6. Rebekah, January 16, 1695; married — Russell. 7. Abigail, March 31, 1697; married — Nichols. 8. Ebenezer, May 16, 1700. 9. Ruth, April 23, 1703; married — Bancroft. 10. Tabitha, January 22, 1707.

(III) SAMUEL KENDALL, son of Samuel Kendall (II), was born August 13, 1684, at Woburn; married Prudence.

Beyond the record, at Woburn, of the birth of the three children named below, there is nothing found concerning him. His wife's family name, the date and place of their marriage, the date of death of his wife or of himself, are all unknown. Nor is there any record of the settlement of any estate. Probably he lived, married, and died somewhere outside of the Colony of Massachusetts, and after his death the children were taken in charge by their grandfather at Woburn, and a record of their births then made there. They were: 1. Samuel, September 4, 1711. 2. Rebekah, August 27, 1714. 3. Stephen, March 10, 1717.

(IV) SAMUEL KENDALL, son of Samuel Kendall (III), married, September 22, 1736, Phebe Brintnall. She was born at Charlestown, December 31, 1713, and was daughter of John and Deborah Brintnall.

At the date of his marriage Samuel Kendall was living at Woburn and seems to have been carrying on the milling business either with his grandfather or as the latter's successor. About the year 1743 he set up as a miller in South Lancaster, and his grandfather, then considerably over eighty years of age, accompanied him there, as has been said.

On February 3, 1745, Samuel Kendall and his wife Phebe were admitted to membership in the church at Lancaster, and a fortnight afterward their two oldest children were baptized there. The births of their other children are not recorded, but they were all duly baptized on the dates given below, which are probably in each case within a few days after their birth. They were: 1. Samuel, baptized February 17, 1745. 2. Rebekah, baptized

February 17, 1745. 3. Caleb, baptized May 15, 1748; died young. 4. Bartholomew, baptized February 18, 1750. 5. Caleb, baptized March 17, 1751; mentioned below. 6. Phebe, baptized July 3, 1757. 7. Lucy, baptized February 10, 1760. 8. Lucretia, baptized November 14, 1762.

(V) CALEB KENDALL, son of Samuel Kendall (IV), was baptized March 17, 1751; married, at Shrewsbury (now Boylston), December 8, 1773, Priscilla Townsend, daughter of Joshua and Mary Townsend. She died, and he married, second, April 15, 1788, Lucy Kendall, of Lancaster. She was widow of Thomas Kendall, and her maiden name was Baldwin.

Caleb Kendall was a miller and a farmer. He lived for some years after his marriage at Boylston, where the births of his first two children are recorded. At the time of his second marriage, in 1788, he was living at Ashburnham, and the births of three of his children are recorded there. Two other children are named in his will and probably belong to his first wife, for one of them certainly married before his will was made (in 1805). In 1792 or 1793 he removed from Ashburnham to Winchendon, but returned to Boylston to the house of his son Caleb, where he died. His wife survived him. His children were: 1. Priscilla, at Boylston, January 20, 1777; married — Cutting. 2. Caleb, at Boylston, January 25, 1779; mentioned below. 3. William, named in will. 4. Zipporah, named as wife of Luther Rice. 5. Lucy, at Ashburnham, June 14, 1789; married Joseph Sawyer. 6. David, May 29, 1791, at Ashburnham. 7. Samuel, October 11, 1792, at Ashburnham.

(VI) CALEB KENDALL, son of Caleb Kendall (V), married, at Boylston, June 20, 1803, Dolly Sawyer. She was born at Shrewsbury (now Boylston), July 11, 1782, and was daughter of Aaron Sawyer and his wife, Keziah (Richardson). (See Sawyer family.)

Caleb Kendall followed the hereditary occupation of miller, at the same mill where his father and his grandfather had earned their living, and where his grandfather's grandfather, himself a miller and the son of a miller, had died. This mill was in what was originally the south part of Lancaster; then by a change of town lines it was included in Shrewsbury North Precinct; and, finally, on the incorporation of the town of Boylston it became a part of that town. Here Caleb Kendall remained until the year

1808, when he bought a mill at Holden and removed thither. He died at Holden, January 1, 1857. His wife survived him and died July 24, 1865.

His children were as follows, the first three born at Boylston, the rest at Holden: 1. Abigail Sawyer, April 15, 1804; married Jonathan M. Dodd. 2. Dolly, March 29, 1806; died May 5, 1806. 3. Caleb, May 17, 1807. 4. Dolly, September 19, 1809; married Henry Adams Wheeler; mentioned below. 5. James, January 5, 1813; died October 5, 1813. 6. James, September 4, 1814. 7. Lucy, May 24, 1817; died May 23, 1907; she married Edward Snell, June 20, 1838; children were: Laura M., born June 15, 1839, died September 1, 1848; Ellen E., born December 7, 1842; George A., born December 20, 1847; married Henrietta I. Ford, July 1, 1875; children: George A., born July 9, 1876; Edward, born October 5, 1879; married Evelyn F. Allan, July 21, 1902; Carrie M., born September 26, 1884; Charles H., born November 11, 1889; died July 31, 1890. 8. Eliza, April 17, 1819; d. November 16, 1858; single. 9. Edward, December 3, 1821; married Reliance Crocker, December 14, 1846; children: Edward, who died at six years of age; Emma, who lived five days; George Frederick, born June 30, 1856, who married Ina C. Atwood, October 5, 1880, who died March 30, 1903, and had one daughter, Marion A., born October 6, 1883; James H., born April 12, 1858; married Etta F. Chamberlain, November 14, 1883, and had: Alice C., born February 26, 1885; Edward Dana, born May 17, 1888; Francis Paton, born July 2, 1895. 10. Mary Avery, March 4, 1824.

The Kendall line runs:

First generation, Francis and Mary (Tidd).

Second generation, Samuel and Rebecca (Mixer).

Third generation, Samuel and Prudence.

Fourth generation, Samuel and Phebe (Brintnall).

Fifth generation, Caleb and Priscilla (Townsend).

Sixth generation, Caleb and Dolly (Sawyer).

Seventh generation, Dolly, who married *Henry Adams Wheeler*.

(See Wheeler family.)

SAWYER

(I) THOMAS SAWYER married Mary Prescott. She was born — and was daughter of John Prescott, the first of the name in New England, and his wife, Mary (Platts).

Thomas Sawyer was a blacksmith, and his first appearance in New England was at Rowley in 1643. Four years later he was at Lancaster, of which place he was one of the six original proprietors. He lived on the south side of the river, and his house was one of the garrisons maintained for defense against the Indians. He was a prominent citizen, and his name occurs more frequently than that of any other person in the early annals of Lancaster. His will is dated March 6, 1705/6.

May 18, 1653, the name of Thomas Sawyer appears, with John Prescott, Ralph Houghton, Edward Burke, Nathaniel Hadlock, and William Carley, as commissioners to lay out to the planters their lots, and assign to them their bounds within the town of Lancaster. In the Plymouth Colony Records it appears that on the 3d day of May, 1654, Thomas Sawyer took the oath of freeman with many others.

He died there September 12, 1706, aged ninety years. His wife survived him and died somewhere about the close of the year 1717 or early in 1718.

The following children are recorded at Lancaster: 1. Thomas, July 2, 1649; mentioned below. 2. Ephraim, January 16, 1651; killed by the Indians, February 10, 1676. 3. Mary, January 4, 1653; married Nathaniel Wilder. 4. Joshua, March 13, 1655; married Sarah Potter, of Concord. 5. James, March 22, 1657; married Mary Marble, of Concord. 6. Caleb, April 20, 1659. 7. John, April 6, 1661. 8. Elizabeth, January 5, 1664; married James Hosmer. 9. Deborah, January, 1666; died July 17, 1666. 10. Nathaniel, November 24, 1670. 11. Martha, August 10, 1673.

(II) THOMAS SAWYER, son of Thomas Sawyer (I), married, at Lancaster, October 11, 1670, Sarah. She bore him one child and died March 2, 1672, and he married, second, November 21,

1672, Hannah. Both these marriages are recorded, but in both cases the recorder has omitted to give the family name of the wife.

Thomas Sawyer was a blacksmith and millwright at Lancaster. On October 26, 1708, he, with his son Elias, then a youth of sixteen years, and one John Bigelow were captured in a raid of the French and Indians upon Lancaster and were carried away to Canada. When they reached Montreal, Sawyer made a proposition to the French governor that if he would admit them to ransom he (Sawyer) would build him a sawmill. There was no difficulty in arranging for Bigelow and the boy, but the Indians were much incensed against the elder Sawyer and refused to give him up. They had already bound him to a stake in order to torture him to death when a French priest (perhaps so instructed by the governor) appeared upon the scene brandishing a huge key, which he declared was the key of the infernal regions, and threatening that if they did not release their prisoner he would unlock the gate of purgatory and shove them all in. The savages were sufficiently good Christians to fear a threat so awful, and, however reluctantly, unbound the Yankee blacksmith and gave him up to the governor. According to promise, Sawyer at once set about building the mill, upon the River Chamblay, the first sawmill ever erected in Canada. He and Bigelow were sent home shortly afterward, their captivity lasting in all about nine months. Elias Sawyer was detained a few months longer, to teach the Canadians how to run the mill, and was then released and substantially rewarded. (See Whitney's "History of Worcester County" and Marvin's "History of Lancaster.")

The last will and testament of Thomas Sawyer the 2d, of Lancaster, in the county of Middlesex, bearing date of 26th of August, A.D. one thousand seven hundred and nineteen (1719) and the fifth year of the reign of our sovereign Lord George and King of Great Britain and Ireland and France.

A part of his will read as follows, viz.: "I will and give unto my son Bezaleel Sawyer and to his heirs and assigns forever, my mansion house together with the whole living I now live upon and have possessed ever since the first Indian War together with all that part of my stated common which lyeth on the southeast side of the highway that goeth along before the house."

There were two daughters: Mary, who married Joshua Rice, and Hannah, who married Jonathan Moore, both of Marlboro, and to these daughters a legacy was given, and the remainder of his

estate was given to his four sons, viz., William, Joseph, Bezaleel, and Elias Sawyer, to be equally divided between the four and to their heirs forever. William and Bezaleel were appointed executors of his will.

Thomas Sawyer died September 5, 1736, at the age of eighty-seven years. The records of Lancaster for about forty years after the destruction of that town by the Indians in 1676 are very fragmentary, and after the record of the birth of his daughter by his first wife there is no record of the birth of any children to him. From his will and recorded deeds of land to his children, however, it is certain that he had: 1. Mary, January 30, 1672. 2. William. 3. Joseph, born 1682. 4. Hannah; married Jonathan Moore. 5. Thomas, born 1689. 6. Elias, born 1692. 7. Bezaleel, born 1695.

(III) JOSEPH SAWYER, son of Thomas Sawyer (II), was born 1682; married Sarah. She died March 7, 1718, aged thirty-seven years, says her gravestone. He married, November 10, 1718, second wife, Abigail Wilder.

He was a blacksmith, as his father and grandfather had been. There is no record of the birth of any children to him, but on May 11, 1718, two months after the death of his first wife, he was admitted to the church at Lancaster, and on June 22 of the same year presented for baptism the children named below. He died July 10, 1737, in the fifty-fifth year of his age, says his gravestone.

It appears that Joseph Sawyer, the second son of Thomas Sawyer, Jr., took up his place of residence near Sawyer's Mills (so called in honor of the man). It appears also that Mr. John Beaman, Sr., a son of Bezaleel Beaman, gave, May 11, 1721, to said Joseph Sawyer a deed of a tract of land (lying on the Nashua River), which runs as follows: "Know ye that I John Beaman, Sr. of the town of Lancaster in the county of Middlesex in ye province of the Massachusetts Bay in the New England yeoman for and in consideration of ye Love and Respect which I have to my son-in-law, namely, Joseph Sawyer of Lancaster, aforesaid blacksmith, have granted and freely given, conveyed and confirmed and by these presents for myself & heirs, executors, etc. do freely & fully & absolutely give unto him ye said Joseph Sawyer the one-half of my lot & right of land lying in the new addition of land sometime purchased of George Tahonto & other Indians & since confirmed by the great and general assembly of the province."

It appears that Thomas Sawyer, 2d, owned a tract of land in the south part of Lancaster on the Nashua River, and his son Joseph became a resident and owner at or near what is now called Sawyer's Mills.

The deed of Sarah Taylor to Joseph Sawyer bears date of this 23d of September, A.D. 1723. One other conveyance was by Elizabeth Howe and others of Marlboro, a deed of twenty-five and one-half acres (to Joseph Sawyer, blacksmith) "of land that lieth on the Nashua River & is the third lot in number on the river in the second division of intervail land & on both sides of the Nashaway River." This deed was signed by Elizabeth Howe and six others, partly of Marlboro and partly of Shrewsbury, and probably came into their possession in the settlement of the estate of Thomas Sawyer the 2d, of Lancaster. This deed bears date of the "27th day of December, A.D. 1729 & of the third year of our sovereign Lord George the 2nd of Great Britain, France & Ireland, King." "I infer from the part of the several conveyances having been made to Joseph Sawyer, blacksmith, as early as 1721, May 12, by John Beaman and six or seven other deeds given by other parties between 1721 and 1730, that the gristmill or sawmill could not have been built at the Sawyer's Mills previous to these dates and probably a little later."

It appears by the commissioner's return to the judge probate (John Chandler) that they set to the widow Abigail in part for her thirds "one half of the house, one half of the barn & one half of the corn mill with the privilege of one third of the stream."

It appears also that Abner had one-half of the sawmill set to him as part of his share of the estate, and Joseph, the eldest son, had set to him one millstone and one-third part of the mill stream with land and one-half of the house and barn, etc. The inference is that this Joseph Sawyer, son of Thomas Sawyer, 2d, of Lancaster, was the builder of the gristmill at Sawyer's Mills and also the sawmill sometime between 1721 and 1733-4-5. On the 15th day of November, A.D. 1753, David Osgood, Esq., Asa Whitcomb, and Ezra Houghton, of said Lancaster, were appointed a committee to apprise and divide the widow Abigail Sawyer's dower among the proper heirs of said Joseph, 2d, deceased, according to the law by Hon. John Chandler, judge of probate for Worcester County, bearing date the 17th day of May, 1762. Children: 1. Joseph; mentioned below. 2. Sarah, married Ephraim Houghton. 3. Thomas. 4. Abner. 5. Asenath, married Jonathan Osgood. 6. Mary, married Phineas Sawyer.

(IV) JOSEPH SAWYER, son of Joseph Sawyer (III), married, at Lancaster, May 19, 1731, Tabitha Prescott, daughter of John Prescott.

He was a farmer and lived in the south part of Lancaster, as had his father, grandfather, and great-grandfather. He died in the latter part of the year 1739, and his widow about a year later married Silas Brigham.

On the 22d day of March, A.D. 1748, John Prescott gave a deed of ninety-seven acres and forty rods to his five grandchildren, viz., Aaron, Moses, Joseph, Sarah, and Tabitha, to be equally divided among them, which was done by the aforementioned committee and appraisers. That this John Prescott could not have been the John Prescott mentioned in 1653, as has been intimated, is evident. "To the appraisal & division we consent," says Aaron Sawyer, Moses Sawyer, and ten others. He had the following children: 1. Aaron, May 13, 1732; mentioned below. 2. Moses, January 13, 1734. 3. Sarah, March 4, 1736. 4. Joseph, April 23, 1738. 5. Tabitha, baptized June 1, 1740.

(V) AARON SAWYER, son of Joseph Sawyer (IV), born May 13, 1732; married, April 25, 1754, Abigail Moore. She was born at Lancaster, January 27, 1738; died July 13, 1824, aged eighty-six years, five months, twenty-two days, and was daughter of Deacon Oliver Moore and granddaughter of Jonathan Moore and his wife, Hannah Sawyer, mentioned above.

Aaron Sawyer being the eldest son of Joseph Sawyer, 2d, he received a double share of his father's estate and ultimately became the owner of the gristmill and sawmill at the Sawyer's Mills, with the water power of the Nashua River (a portion by purchase of Abner or his heirs, Abner his uncle). In the present village the dwelling house now stands on the elevated ground a little back from a large elm tree, and was built by Aaron Sawyer in the year 1757, as the figures and letters indicate that are on a stone in the chimney.

A committee of three was appointed to see what money was in the constable's hands and direct them not to pay any public money without the town order. Dr. Joseph Wilder, Aaron and Ephraim Sawyer were the committee chosen. Instead of two two-pounders the committee reported they had bought two four-pounders. Subsequently it was voted to buy 500 pounds of balls suitable for the pieces and 300 pounds of grapeshot. This was the last of Aaron Sawyer's work; in going to Boston in wet weather he took cold and a fever ended his life.

Aaron Sawyer was a farmer in South Lancaster; he died December 15, 1774, aged forty-two years, seven months, two days. His children were: 1. Aaron, August 24, 1756. 2. Oliver, February 2, 1759; married Patty Hinds, of Boylston, or Shrewsbury at that date, and settled on land set to him, land of his father's; built a house and barn and other buildings needful, and died at the age of seventy-nine years and eleven months; his wife died aged seventy-five years and six months; children: i. Oliver, married Harriet Bush; died August, 1824, leaving two children, viz., Alfred Sawyer and Harriet. ii. Alfred, born December 7, 1816; died November, 1871; married Sarah G. Goss, leaving a daughter Harriet. iii. Patty Sawyer, married Joshua Kendall and lived in Boylston; he died in 1813, leaving two sons, viz., Oliver Sawyer Kendall,¹ of Worcester, and Charles S. Kendall. 3. Parny, September 16, 1761. 4. Abigail, July 2, 1764; married Pitt Moore; their children were Asher and Elliott. 5. Dolly, November 12, 1767; died May 21, 1782. 6. Submit, August 5, 1770. 7. Silence, December 23, 1774.

(VI) AARON SAWYER, son of Aaron Sawyer (V), was born August 24, 1756; married, at Lancaster, March 25, 1779, Keziah Richardson. As the eldest son, having a double portion, he succeeded his father (with their mother's thirds included) in occupying and owning the mills and water power.

¹Oliver Sawyer Kendall, son of Joshua and Patty Kendall, was born April 30, 1808, and died July 26, 1881, in his seventy-third year. He married Minday Brigham Lamson, December 18, 1836. They had three sons: Nathaniel L., born June 27, 1841; Everett, born July 17, 1844; Oliver Sawyer, Jr., born July 30, 1848. Nathaniel L. died March 28, 1901, unmarried. Everett married Mary F. Keyes, of Sterling; they had no children. Oliver Sawyer Kendall, Jr., married Harriet F. Moore, of Boylston, daughter of David T. and Sally Moore; they have one son, Oliver Sawyer Kendall, 3d, born November 17, 1872.

Oliver Sawyer Kendall, 3d, and Mr. Ezra Sawyer, both of Worcester, laid the corner stone of the public library in Boylston, Mass., at the request of Miss S. E. White, the donor.

Charles S. Kendall was twice married, and had three sons and two daughters: Charles, Robert, Justin, Mary, and Mattie.

Robert left five daughters: Amy, Althea, Angie, Eva, and Etta, three of whom are married and have children.

Harriet Sawyer married Thomas White, of Boylston, and left one daughter, Salome E. White, the donor of the library at Boylston. She is unmarried and was born in August, 1855.

Asher Moore was married and moved to Ashburnham; they had two sons and one daughter, Alfred, Charles, and Martha.

Elliott Moore also married and removed to Ashburnham; they had two daughters and one son.

He was a corporal in Captain Stuart's company of Colonel Whitney's regiment at the Battle of Bennington in 1777. He lived at Boylston for some years after his marriage, and his first three children were born there. In 1786 he removed to Holden, where his younger children were born and where he died, April, 1817. His wife died February, 1827. His children were: 1. Dolly, July 11, 1782; married Caleb Kendall. 2. Elizabeth, January 17, 1784; married Colonel Hezekiah Gibbs. Children: i. Aaron Gibbs; ii. Hezekiah Gibbs; iii. John Gibbs; iv. Eliza Gibbs; v. Miriam Gibbs; vi. Keziah Gibbs; vii. Dolly Gibbs. 3. Aaron, October 1, 1785; resided in Lancaster. 4. Joseph; resided in Lancaster; children: i. Caleb R., of Clinton; ii. Ezra, a merchant, of Worcester; iii. Joseph T., died at Clinton; iv. Charles, died in Holden, leaving three sons. 5. James; graduated at Rhode Island College; settled in Texas. 6. Ezra; died, aged twenty.

The Sawyer line runs:

First generation, Thomas and Mary (Prescott).

Second generation, Thomas and Hannah.

Third generation, Joseph and Sarah.

Fourth generation, Joseph and Tabitha (Prescott).

Fifth generation, Aaron and Abigail (Moore).

Sixth generation, Aaron and Keziah (Richardson).

Seventh generation, Dolly, married Caleb Kendall.

Eighth generation, Dolly Kendall, married *Henry Adams Wheeler*. (See Wheeler family.)

MOORE

Many Moores from England, Scotland, and Ireland came to New England to settle. The name was spelled in various ways, More, Moors, Moor, and Moore.

(I) JOHN MOORE, the immigrant ancestor of this branch of the family, settled in that part of Sudbury which became Wayland and bought a house and land there of Edmund Rice in 1642. He took the oath of fidelity on July 9, 1645. He married, in Sudbury, Elizabeth Whale, daughter of Philemon Whale, and she survived him and died December 14, 1690. His will was dated August 25, 1668, and proved April 7, 1674. The inventory of his estate showed a valuation of 804 pounds seven shillings. Children: 1. John, mentioned below. 2. William, lived in Sudbury; died March 25, 1688. 3. Mary, married, first, September 8, 1661, Richard Ward; second, Deacon ^{DEAN} Samuel Stone. 4. Lydia, born June 24, 1643; married, first, May 3, 1664, Samuel Wright; second, June 15, 1665, James Cutler. 5. Jacob, born April 28, 1645. 6. Joseph, born October 21, 1647. 7. Benjamin, born, perhaps, December 13, 1648. 8. Elizabeth, born January 10, 1649.

(II) JOHN MOORE, son of John Moore (I), was born before his parents settled in Sudbury. He became a proprietor of Lancaster, March 11, 1653, but the next year returned to Sudbury. He married, first, November 16, 1654, Anne Smith, daughter of John and Sarah Smith, of Sudbury. She died in childbirth at Lancaster, March 10, 1670/1, and he married, second, Judith —. He was a prominent and wealthy man, and held various town offices. In 1689 he was deputy to the General Court. In 1700 he deeded his land, with the exception of his house, to his adopted son, Benjamin Bellows, in return for the support of himself and wife Judith for the remainder of their lives. The inventory of his estate was taken in 1702, and his nuncupative will was proved November 26, 1703. Children: 1. Marie, born in Lancaster, December 4, 1655; died September 26, 1705. 2. Elizabeth, born December 27, 1657. 3. Lydia, born April 6, 1660. 4. John, born April 7, 1662. 5. Joseph, born October 20, 1664. 6. Anne, born July 17, 1666. 7. Jonathan, born May 16, 1669; mentioned below. 8. Maria, born March 10, 1670/1.

(III) JONATHAN MOORE, son of John Moore (II), was born in Lancaster, May 16, 1669. He resided in Bolton, although several of his children are recorded in Lancaster. He married Hannah —, who died in Bolton, May 1, 1765, leaving a will in which she mentions all her children except Isaac, who had died. Jonathan deeded land to his son Oliver in 1732/3, which he had inherited from his father, and in 1740 he deeded to his son Abraham, "who lives with me," his new house and barn. His will was dated December 1, 1741, and he died February 6 following. His will mentions all his children and his brother John. Children: 1. Zerviah or Sophia, baptized in Lancaster, 1708. 2. Joseph, baptized in Lancaster, 1708. 3. Jonathan, baptized in Lancaster, 1708; married, April 19, 1727, Mary Wheeler; died December 10, 1795. 4. Oliver, baptized 1708; mentioned below. 5. Maria, baptized in Lancaster, 1708; married, December 2, 1725, in Harvard, Thomas Houghton, of Lancaster. 6. Hannah, baptized May 21, 1710; married, December 17, 1730, Jonathan Powers. 7. Amos, baptized August 17, 1712; died before 1740. 8. Dinah, baptized February 28, 1713/4; married, October 4, 1732, Jabez Beaman. 9. Abraham, baptized March 31, 1716/7. 10. Isaac (twin), baptized September 6, 1719; died before 1765. 11. Jacob (twin), baptized September 6, 1719.

(IV) OLIVER MOORE, son of Jonathan Moore (III), was baptized at Lancaster in 1708 and died December 23, 1774, aged sixty-seven years. He married, December 18, 1729, in Lunenburg, Abigail Houghton. They were both admitted to full communion in the church January 14, 1732/3, and about ten years later were dismissed to the church in the west precinct of Lancaster. Children: 1. Abijah, born September 4, 1730; died July 28, 1740. 2. Levi, born May 23, 1732; married, March 7, 1754, Rebecca Sawyer. 3. Israel, born April 12, 1734; married, first, Abigail How, of Lancaster, in 1755; second, October 9, 1760, Catherine Sawyer, and removed to Sterling; died in West Boylston, November 17, 1807. 4. Uriah, born January 9, 1735; died September 17, 1736. 5. Abigail, born January 27, 1737/8; married Aaron Sawyer. (See sketch of Sawyer family herewith.) 6. Prudence, born August 25, 1740. 7. Jonathan, born July 26, 1742; married, July 8, 1772, Elizabeth Richardson. 8. Hannah, born April 16, 1745; died September 1, 1749. 9. Thankful, born July 15, 1750; married, July 4, 1771, Ethan Kendall.

MIXER

(I) ISAAC MIXER, the immigrant ancestor, aged thirty-one, with his wife Sarah, aged thirty-three, and son Isaac, aged four years, embarked at Ipswich, England, for New England, April 10, 1634, in the ship *Elizabeth*, William Andrews, master. His name was on the earliest list of proprietors of Watertown in February, 1636/7. He was admitted a freeman, May 2, 1638. He was clerk of the train band, April 4, 1654. His will was dated May 8, 1655, and mentions his wife Sarah, son Isaac, and daughter Sarah Stearns. To his daughter he gave among other things "one half my vessel *Diligent*," showing that he was a ship master. His widow died November 24, 1681. Children: 1. Isaac, born in England 1630; mentioned below. 2. Sarah, married John Stearns and settled in Billerica; died June 4, 1656.

(II) ISAAC MIXER, son of Isaac Mixer (I), was born in England in 1630 and came to New England with his parents in 1634. He took the oath of fidelity in 1652. He married, first, September 19, 1655, Mary Coolidge, only daughter of John and Mary Coolidge. She died March 2, 1659/60, and he married, second, January 10, 1660/1, Rebecca Garfield, who died March 16, 1682/3. He married, third, in 1687, Mary, widow of William French, of Billerica. She was living a widow in 1735, "very aged." He died November 22, 1716, "an aged man." Children: 1. Mary, born May 18, 1656; married, 1680, George Munnings, Jr. 2. Sarah, born November 29, 1657; died 1745; married Samuel Hagar. 3. Rebecca, born March 9, 1661/2; married Samuel Kendall. (See sketch of Kendall family herewith.) 4. Isaac, mentioned in father's will as eldest son; married, October 17, 1684, Elizabeth Peirce. 5. Elizabeth, born June 18, 1665; died March 19, 1685/6. 6. Joanna, born December 14, 1666; married, November 7, 1688, Joseph Harrington; married, second, December 20, 1693, Obadiah Ward. 7. John, born March 5, 1668/9. 8. George, born January 20, 1670/1. 9. Abigail, born November, 1672; married, December 11, 1690, Samuel How. 10. Joseph, born August 9, 1674. 11. Daniel, born February 12, 1675/6. 12. Mehitable, born January 25; died November 22, 1678. 13. Benjamin, born May 23, 1679. 14. Dorothy, born September 2, 1680; married, January 12, 1710, William Davis, of Roxbury. 15. David, born August 6, 1683.

TIDD

(1) JOHN TIDD was born in England before 1600 and died at Woburn, Mass., April 24, 1657. He was a tailor by trade. The name is spelled Tead and Todd, Tedd and Tidd in the early records. He was an inhabitant of Charlestown in 1637; admitted to the church March 10, 1639; selectman in 1647 at Woburn, where he settled. He was on the committee on the country rate at Woburn in 1655. He was sergeant of the military company, the first citizen of the town bearing a military title. He bought Thomas Moulton's old house in Woburn and sold a house next year to Nathaniel Hadlock. He owned eight lots in Charlestown in 1638, the sixth of which was at Waterfield, now in Woburn. He owned other land in Woburn. His first wife, Margaret, died at Woburn in 1651. He married, second, Alice —, who married, second, at Cambridge, June 11, 1657, William Mann. His will was dated April 9 and proved November 10, 1656. He bequeathed to wife Alice, son John, daughters Mary and Elizabeth; to son Savell's children, Benjamin, Hannah, John and Samuel; to son Samuel's children; to grandchildren Thomas Fuller and John Kendall.

Children: 1. John, born about 1618; tailor; embarked at Yarmouth, England, May 12, 1637, as servant for Samuel Greenfield, of Norwich, weaver; said to be from Hartford, England; settled at Cambridge Farms, where he died April 13, 1703. 2. Samuel, died 1651; married Sarah —. 3. Elizabeth, married, June 13, 1642, Thomas Fuller, of Woburn. 4. Mary, married, December 24, 1644, Francis Kendall. (See Kendall family.) 5. Hannah, married William Savell of Braintree.

PARKMAN

(I) ELIAS PARKMAN, the immigrant ancestor, was born in England. He was the son of Elias Parkman, of Sidmouth, Devonshire, England. He settled in Dorchester, Mass., as early as 1633, and was one of the proprietors of that town; was admitted a freeman, May 6, 1635. He removed with many others to Windsor, Conn., and was afterward at Saybrook, Conn., but returned to Boston about 1648. He was a mariner, trading from Boston to the Connecticut River, and was lost during one of his coast voyages. He was "supposed to be dead" when his inventory was taken, July 2, 1662, and his wife Bridget petitioned for the appointment of Thomas Rawlings as administrator. He bought land and house in Boston, August 7, 1652.

Children: 1. Elias, mentioned below. 2. Rebecca (or Sarah), married, September 18, 1661, John Jarvis. 3. Samuel, born 1644. 4. George, born 1645. Born at Boston: 5. Mary, baptized September 24, 1648. 6. Deliverance, born August 3, 1651. 7. Nathaniel, born June 24, 1655.

(II) ELIAS PARKMAN, son of Elias Parkman (I), was born about 1638 in Windsor and was also a mariner. He lived in Boston. His will was made in London, while visiting or on business, August 8, 1691, and was brought over by his wife Sarah and proved in Boston, March 6, 1693. Children: 1. Elias, born in Boston, November 13, 1665. 2. John, born January 20, 1669; died young. 3. Elizabeth, born December 29, 1670. 4. William, mentioned below. 5. Sarah.

(III) WILLIAM PARKMAN, son of Elias Parkman (II), was born in Salem in 1658 and died November 30, 1730. He married, in 1680, Elizabeth ——. He was a ship chandler and lived on "Battery Alley, which runeth from North Street to Ship Street, nigh unto y^e North Barrtry." Children, born in Boston: 1. Sarah, born April 5, 1684. 2. William, born December 19, 1685. 3. Elias, born February 27, 1686. 4. Elias, born October 9, 1688. 5. Elizabeth, born September 12, 1690. 6. Susanna, born September 4, 1692. 7. John, born January 19, 1693. 8. Samuel, born November

19. 1695. 9. Abigail, born January 8, 1697. 10. Ebenezer, born September 5, 1703; mentioned below.

(IV) REV. EBENEZER PARKMAN, son of William Parkman, was born in Boston, September 5, 1703. He graduated from Harvard College in the class of 1721 and taught school in Newton, Mass., in 1722, living there with his brother Elias, a mast-maker. He bought a slave, Maro, August, 1728, and his diary expresses grief at the slave's death, December 6, 1728. He began to preach in 1723. He was called to the ministry at Westborough and built his house there on the present site of the Lyman State School, in 1724. The church was organized in his house with twelve members, and, five years later, the meeting house near by was completed. He was ordained October 28, 1724. During his long pastorate at Westborough he kept a diary which has been preserved in large part. One volume was published by the Westborough Historical Society; other volumes are in the possession of the American Antiquarian Society, Worcester, and the Massachusetts Historical Society, Boston. He died at Westborough, December 9, 1782, preaching for nearly sixty years in that town. He married, first, July, 1724, Mary Champney, of Cambridge; who died January 29, 1735. He married, second, September 11, 1737, Hannah Breck, daughter of Rev. Robert Breck, of Marlborough. (See Breck family.)

Children of the first wife: 1. Mary, born September 14, 1725. 2. Ebenezer, born August 20, 1727. 3. Thomas, born July 3, 1729. 4. Lydia, born September 20, 1731; died June 21, 1733. 5. Lucy, born September 23, 1734. Children of the second wife: 6. Elizabeth, born December 25, 1738; died January 14, 1739. 7. William, born February 19, 1741; mentioned below. 8. Sarah, born March 20, 1742. 9. Susanna, born March 13, 1744. 10. Alexander, born February 17, 1746. 11. Breck, born January 27, 1748. 12. Samuel, born August 22, 1751, a prominent merchant of Boston. 13. John, born July 21, 1753. 14. Anna Sophia, born October 18, 1755. 15. Hannah, born February 9, 1758; died 1777. 16. Elias, born January 6, 1761.

(V) WILLIAM PARKMAN, son of Ebenezer Parkman (IV), was born at Westboro, February 19, 1741. He married, September 9, 1766, Lydia Adams, daughter of Henry Adams, of Medfield. She was the mother of all his children—seven in number. She died at Concord in May, 1787, and on January 26, 1789, he mar-

ried, second, Mrs. Lydia Proctor. She died November 11, 1810, and on June 13, 1811, being then over seventy years old, he took a third wife, Sarah (Heywood) Wheeler, widow of Ephraim Wheeler, Senior, whose son, Ephraim Wheeler, Jr., had, twelve years before, married his daughter Sarah. (See Wheeler family.) This third wife outlived him and died at Concord in November, 1837, aged upwards of ninety-two years.

William Parkman was by trade a housewright, or carpenter, and sometimes a surveyor of land. He removed from Westboro to Townsend shortly after attaining his majority and was a resident of the latter place at the time of his first marriage. Shortly afterward he came to Concord and bought the farm lately occupied by Levi Miles in the Nine-acre-corner district. This was old Wheeler property and up to that time had always been owned and occupied by lineal descendants of William Wheeler, son of the first George. A few years later it got back into the Wheeler line again and was occupied in quite recent years by Francis A. Wheeler. Here William Parkman lived for about twenty years, farming and keeping a wayside tavern. Then, having taken his second wife, he removed to the village and lived for the rest of his life in what is still remembered as "the old Parkman house," now destroyed, which stood on what is now the rear portion of the Public Library lot. He set up a general country store in the building that stood on Main Street between his house and Squire Brooks's, and from 1795 to 1810 he kept the village post office on the same premises. He gave up business about the year 1825, on account of the infirmities of age, but lived several years longer and died February 5, 1832, aged ninety-one years.

He was elected deacon in 1788 and kept the office and title until his death, though relieved from service in that capacity by vote of the church in 1826.

The Parkman line runs:

First generation, Elias and Bridget.

Second generation, Elias and Sarah.

Third generation, William and Elizabeth.

Fourth generation, Ebenezer and Hannah (Breck).

Fifth generation, William and Lydia (Adams).

Sixth generation, Sarah, who married Ephraim Wheeler.

Parents of

Seventh, *Henry Adams Wheeler* (VI).

BRECK

The family of Breck or Brick, as this surname was often spelled, has an ancient history in Lancashire, England. All the American families are descended from one ancestor, who lived in Lancashire in 1600 and died about 1630. The six sons of this father, whose first name is unknown, came to New England. The coat-of-arms of the old Lancashire family of Breck is: Gules a chief parted per bend sinister in dented or and argent and on a second and on the third four torteauxes of the first. Crest: A dexter arm issuing out of a wreath erect holding a sword proper. Children: 1. John, settled in Medfield; left no descendants. 2. Henry, born in 1605 in Lancashire; joined the church at Dorchester, Mass., but soon left, probably to return to England. 3. Robert, born in 1607; came to America, but soon returned. 4. Samuel, born about 1610; came over with his brother Edward, but soon returned. 5. Edward, mentioned below. 6. Thomas, settled in Dorchester, where he died August 3, 1659; only known son, Thomas, ancestor of the Sherborn Brecks.

(I) EDWARD BRECK, son of — Breck, was born in Ashby, England, according to one authority, but doubtless in Lancashire, and settled in Dorchester, Mass., where he was a proprietor in 1636. He was admitted a freeman, May 22, 1639. He was a proprietor and town officer of Lancaster in 1652. He died November 2, 1662, and his widow Isabel married, second, Anthony Fisher, of Dedham, Mass. His will was dated October 30, 1662. Children: 1. Robert. 2. John, mentioned below. 3. Mary. 4. Elizabeth. 5. Susanna.

(II) CAPTAIN JOHN BRECK, son of Edward Breck, was born in Dorchester about 1651 and died February 17, 1691, aged forty. He married Susanna —, born 1648; died February 8, 1711. He was a tanner at Dorchester, with a tanyard at the place called Squantum. He was captain and selectman. Children, born at Dorchester: 1. Jemima, born April 17, 1672; married Benjamin Blackman. 2. Ensign Edward, born April 7, 1674; died September 3, 1713. 3. Elizabeth, born September 20, 1676; married. September 16, 1698, Nathaniel Butts; she died October 20, 1743.

4. Susanna, born November 9, 1678; married John Tolman. 5. John, born December 22, 1680; died February 16, 1713. 6. Robert, born December 7, 1682; mentioned below. 7. Nathaniel, born December 1, 1684; drowned October 20, 1726. 8. Hannah, born December 22, 1686. 9. Hannah, born February 17, 1688; married, October 4, 1710, Rev. Ebenezer Devotion, minister at Suffield, Ct. 10. Samuel, born September 14, 1690.

(III) REV. ROBERT BRECK, son of Captain John Breck (II), was born at Dorchester, December 7, 1682; graduated at Harvard College in 1700. He labored for a few years among the non-conformist churches on Long Island. He was settled and ordained at Marlborough, Mass., October 25, 1704, at the age of twenty-two, and died January 6, 1731, in the twenty-ninth year of the ministry, greatly lamented. One historian has said of him: "Their choice proved eminently satisfactory; for nearly twenty-seven years he labored among them, and took rank among his brethren in the ministry as a leader on account of his talents, his high character, and his brilliant attainments. The Marlborough Association was formed at his house in 1725; it existed eighty-nine years. Mr. Breck published four sermons: one preached at Shrewsbury in 1720, two discourses on the accession to the church of fifty persons, mostly in early life, and the election sermon of 1728. He was a man of the prelatie type, a master in the humanities, a profound and orthodox theologian, a trenchant polemic, an able preacher, of a grave deportment, somewhat reticent, possessed of much personal dignity, and devoted to the support of public order, withal catholic in spirit and given to hospitality. His fondness and appreciation for the sacred classics, as well as his linguistic skill, are illustrated by the fact that it was his work to translate the Hebrew Bible to his family. The last line of his epitaph indicates the veneration in which he was held: *Prophetæ ipsi non in seculum vivunt.*" He married, September 8, 1706, Elizabeth Wainwright, of Haverhill; she died June 8, 1736. Children, born at Marlborough: 1. Elizabeth, born September 23, 1709; married, December 22, 1725, Abraham Williams. 2. Sarah, born October 10, 1711; married, January 20, 1728, Dr. Benjamin Gott, of Marlborough. 3. Rev. Robert, born July 25, 1713; died April 23, 1784. 4. Hannah, born February 10, 1717; married Rev. Ebenezer Parkman. (See Parkman family.) 5. Dr. Samuel, born May 17, 1723; graduate of Harvard; died April 23, 1764. 6. Anna, born March 13, 1725; died November 24, 1726.

BRINTNALL

(I) THOMAS BRINTNALL, the immigrant ancestor from England, settled in Muddy River, now Brookline, before 1665. He married Esther ——. Children, born in Boston: 1. Samuel, born December 2, 1665. 2. Thomas, born November 1, 1669; resided at Sudbury. 3. Nathaniel, born 1671. 4. John, born March 3, 1673; mentioned below. 5. Joseph, born March 3, 1674. 6. Mehitable, born 1685.

(II) JOHN BRINTNALL, son of Thomas Brintnall (I), was born in Boston, March 3, 1673. He lived at Rumney Marsh, now Chelsea.

(III) JOHN BRINTNALL, son of John Brintnall (II), was born about 1693. He was well educated and a school-teacher in 1721. He was a tanner by trade. Both he and his wife were under age at the time of their marriage, August 28, 1712. She was Deborah Mellins, of Charlestown. He owned bark mills in Charlestown. His wife was dismissed from the Lynn church, September 19, 1737, to the church at Charlestown. Children: 1. Phebe, born December 31, 1713; married Samuel Kendall (V). (See Kendall family.) 2. John, of Lynn.

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